

## Solubility And Solubility Curves Worksheet Answer Key PDF

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### Part 1: Building a Foundation

#### What is the definition of solubility?

undefined. A) The amount of solvent in a solution

undefined. B) The maximum amount of solute that can dissolve in a solvent at a specific temperature and pressure

undefined. C) The temperature at which a solute dissolves

undefined. D) The pressure needed to dissolve a solute

Solubility is defined as the maximum amount of solute that can dissolve in a solvent at a specific temperature and pressure.

#### Which of the following factors affect the solubility of a substance? (Select all that apply)

undefined. A) Temperature 🗸

undefined. B) Color of the solute

undefined. C) Pressure 🗸

undefined. D) Nature of solute and solvent  $\checkmark$ 

Factors affecting solubility include temperature, pressure, and the nature of the solute and solvent.

#### Explain the difference between a saturated and an unsaturated solution.

A saturated solution contains the maximum amount of solute that can dissolve at a given temperature, while an unsaturated solution can still dissolve more solute.

#### List two factors that generally increase the solubility of a solid in a liquid.

1. Factor 1 Increasing temperature

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### 2. Factor 2 Stirring the solution

Factors that generally increase solubility include increasing temperature and stirring the solution.

## Part 2: Comprehension and Interpretation

#### What happens to the solubility of most gases in liquids as the temperature increases?

undefined. A) It increases **undefined. B) It decreases** ✓ undefined. C) It remains the same undefined. D) It fluctuates

The solubility of most gases in liquids decreases as the temperature increases.

#### When reading a solubility curve, what does a point above the curve represent? (Select all that apply)

- undefined. A) Saturated solution
- undefined. B) Unsaturated solution

#### undefined. C) Supersaturated solution ✓

- undefined. D) Solution at equilibrium
- A point above the curve represents a supersaturated solution.

Describe how you would use a solubility curve to determine if a solution is saturated, unsaturated, or supersaturated.

You would compare the amount of solute in the solution to the solubility value at that temperature on the curve.

## Part 3: Application and Analysis

If a solubility curve shows that 40 grams of solute can dissolve in 100 grams of water at 50°C, what type of solution is formed if 50 grams of solute are added to 100 grams of water at the same temperature?

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#### undefined. A) Saturated ✓

undefined. B) Unsaturated undefined. C) Supersaturated undefined. D) Dilute

Adding 50 grams of solute exceeds the solubility limit, resulting in a saturated solution.

# Which of the following scenarios would likely result in a supersaturated solution? (Select all that apply)

undefined. A) Cooling a saturated solution slowly ✓

undefined. B) Adding more solute to a saturated solution at constant temperature ✓

undefined. C) Heating a saturated solution and then cooling it quickly  $\checkmark$ 

undefined. D) Stirring a saturated solution

Cooling a saturated solution slowly or heating and then quickly cooling a saturated solution can create a supersaturated solution.

Predict what would happen if you increase the pressure on a gas dissolved in a liquid and explain why.

Increasing pressure on a gas dissolved in a liquid generally increases its solubility due to the gas molecules being forced into the liquid.

#### Which of the following best explains why sugar dissolves faster in hot water than in cold water?

undefined. A) Hot water has more pressure

undefined. B) Sugar is more soluble in hot water

undefined. C) Molecules move faster in hot water, increasing interaction with sugar  $\checkmark$ 

undefined. D) Sugar molecules are smaller in hot water

Sugar dissolves faster in hot water because molecules move faster in hot water, increasing interaction with sugar.

## Part 4: Evaluation and Creation

#### Which scenario would most likely lead to crystallization in a supersaturated solution?

undefined. A) Increasing the temperature

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#### undefined. B) Adding a seed crystal ✓

undefined. C) Stirring the solution undefined. D) Adding more solvent

Adding a seed crystal to a supersaturated solution would most likely lead to crystallization.

## Evaluate the effectiveness of using solubility curves in predicting the outcome of mixing different solutes in a solvent. Which statements are correct? (Select all that apply)

undefined. A) Solubility curves provide exact predictions for all solutes

undefined. B) They help in understanding the solubility behavior at different temperatures ✓

undefined. C) They are only useful for solids

undefined. D) They can help in identifying conditions for crystallization ✓

Solubility curves help in understanding solubility behavior at different temperatures but do not provide exact predictions for all solutes.

Design an experiment to test the effect of temperature on the solubility of a solid solute in water. Include the steps you would take and the controls you would use.

An experiment could involve dissolving a solid in water at various temperatures and measuring the amount of solute that dissolves.