

Series Parallel Circuit Worksheet

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Part 1: Building a Foundation
What is the unit of electrical resistance?
Hint: Think about the basic units used in electrical measurements.
○ Amperee
○ Volt
○ Ohm
○ Watt
Which of the following statements are true about series circuits?
Hint: Consider the characteristics of series circuits.
☐ The same current flows through all components.
☐ The total resistance is the sum of individual resistances.
The voltage across each component is the same.
☐ The total voltage is the sum of the voltages across each component.
Explain the difference between a series circuit and a parallel circuit.
Hint: Consider how components are connected in each type of circuit.

List the three basic components of an electrical circuit and their units of measurement.



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Hint: Think about the fundamental parts of any circuit.
1. What is the first component?
2. What is the second component?
3. What is the third component?
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Part 2: Understanding Concepts
In a parallel circuit, if one branch is removed, what happens to the total current in the circuit?
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Describe how Ohm's Law is used to calculate the unknown quantity in a circuit. Provide an example.

Hint: Consider the relationship between voltage, current, and resistance.



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Part 3: Application of Knowledge	
If a 10Ω resistor and a 20Ω resistor are connected in series to a 3 flowing through the circuit?	80V battery, what is the total current
Hint: Use Ohm's Law to find the current.	
○ 1 A	
○ 2 A	
○ 3 A	
○ 4 A	
You have a circuit with a 12V battery and two resistors, 6Ω and 3	$\Omega,$ in parallel. Which of the following
are true?	
Hint: Consider the behavior of resistors in parallel.	
The total resistance is 2Ω .	
\Box The current through the 6 Ω resistor is 2A.	
The voltage across each resistor is 12V.	
The total current is 6A.	
Calculate the power consumed by a 5Ω resistor when a current owork.	of 2A flows through it. Show your
Hint: Use the formula $P = I^2 * R$.	

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Part 4: Analyzing Relationships

In a series-parallel circuit, if the total resistance decreases, what can be inferred about the configuration of the circuit?
Hint: Think about how resistors are arranged in series and parallel.
 More resistors were added in series. More resistors were added in parallel. A resistor was removed from a series section. A resistor was removed from a parallel section.
Which of the following are effects of adding more branches to a parallel circuit?
Hint: Consider how adding branches impacts current and resistance.
☐ The total resistance increases.
☐ The total current increases.
The voltage across each branch decreases.
The total power consumption increases.
Analyze the impact of a short circuit in a parallel configuration. How does it affect the other components and the overall circuit? Hint: Think about the consequences of a short circuit.
Part 5: Evaluation and Creation
Which configuration would be more efficient for distributing power to multiple devices with different power ratings?
Hint: Consider the advantages of series vs. parallel configurations.
○ Series

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