

Series And Parallel Circuits Worksheet Answer Key PDF

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Part 1: Building a Foundation

Which of the following is true about a series circuit?

undefined. A) The voltage is the same across all components.
undefined. B) The current is the same through all components. ✓
undefined. C) The total resistance is less than the smallest resistance.
undefined. D) If one component fails, the rest continue to work.

In a series circuit, the current remains constant throughout all components.

Select all statements that are true about parallel circuits.

undefined. A) The total current is the sum of the currents through each branch. ✓
undefined. B) The voltage is the same across each component. ✓
undefined. C) The total resistance is the sum of the individual resistances.
undefined. D) If one component fails, the entire circuit stops working.

In parallel circuits, the voltage is constant across all branches, and the total current is the sum of the currents through each branch.

Explain in your own words the main difference between series and parallel circuits.

The main difference is that in series circuits, the current is the same through all components, while in parallel circuits, the voltage is the same across all branches.

List two real-world applications for series circuits and two for parallel circuits.

1. Series Circuit Application 1 String lights

2. Series Circuit Application 2

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Old Christmas lights

3. Parallel Circuit Application 1 Household wiring

4. Parallel Circuit Application 2 Computer circuits

Series circuits are often used in string lights, while parallel circuits are used in household wiring.

Part 2: Comprehension and Application

In a series circuit with three resistors, if the total voltage is 12V and the voltage across the first resistor is 3V, what is the combined voltage across the other two resistors?

undefined. A) 3V undefined. B) 6V undefined. C) 9V ✓

undefined. D) 12V

The combined voltage across the other two resistors is 9V.

Which of the following statements correctly describe the behavior of current in a parallel circuit?

undefined. A) The current is the same through each branch.

undefined. B) The total current is divided among the branches. \checkmark

undefined. C) Increasing the number of branches decreases the total current.

undefined. D) The total current is equal to the sum of the currents through each branch. \checkmark

In parallel circuits, the total current is divided among the branches, and the total current is equal to the sum of the currents through each branch.

Calculate the total current flowing through a parallel circuit with a 12V battery and two resistors (6 ohms and 3 ohms).

The total current can be calculated using the voltage and the equivalent resistance of the parallel resistors.

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If a parallel circuit has a total resistance of 2 ohms and two resistors, one with 4 ohms, what is the resistance of the second resistor?

undefined. A) 1 ohm ✓

undefined. B) 2 ohms undefined. C) 4 ohms undefined. D) 8 ohms

The resistance of the second resistor can be calculated using the total resistance formula for parallel circuits.

Part 3: Analysis, Evaluation, and Creation

Which statement best describes the effect of adding more resistors in parallel to a circuit?

undefined. A) The total resistance increases.

undefined. B) The total resistance decreases. \checkmark

undefined. C) The total voltage increases.

undefined. D) The total current decreases.

Adding more resistors in parallel decreases the total resistance of the circuit.

Consider a circuit with two resistors in series and one in parallel. Which of the following are true?

undefined. A) The total resistance is the sum of all resistors.

undefined. B) The voltage across the parallel resistor is the same as the total voltage.

undefined. C) The current through the series resistors is the same. \checkmark

undefined. D) The total current is divided between the series and parallel paths. \checkmark

In this configuration, the total resistance is not simply the sum of all resistors due to the parallel component.

Analyze the impact on total resistance and current if a resistor is removed from a parallel circuit.

Removing a resistor from a parallel circuit increases the total resistance and decreases the total current.

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Design a simple circuit for a home lighting system using parallel connections. Explain your design choices and the benefits of using parallel circuits in this scenario.

A parallel circuit allows for independent control of lights, ensuring that if one light fails, the others remain operational.

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