

Projectile Motion Worksheet Answer Key PDF

Projectile Motion Worksheet Answer Key PDF

Disclaimer: The projectile motion worksheet answer key pdf was generated with the help of StudyBlaze AI. Please be aware that AI can make mistakes. Please consult your teacher if you're unsure about your solution or think there might have been a mistake. Or reach out directly to the StudyBlaze team at max@studyblaze.io.

Part 1: Building a Foundation

What is the shape of the trajectory of a projectile in ideal conditions (ignoring air resistance)?

undefined. A) Circular

undefined. B) Linear

undefined. C) Parabolic ✓

undefined. D) Elliptical

The trajectory of a projectile in ideal conditions is parabolic.

Which of the following statements are true about projectile motion?

undefined. A) The horizontal velocity remains constant. ✓

undefined. B) The vertical velocity is affected by gravity. ✓

undefined. C) The trajectory is a straight line.

undefined. D) Air resistance is a significant factor.

The horizontal velocity remains constant and the vertical velocity is affected by gravity.

Explain what is meant by the horizontal and vertical components of projectile motion.

The horizontal component refers to the motion along the x-axis, which remains constant, while the vertical component refers to the motion along the y-axis, which is influenced by gravity.

List the two main forces or influences acting on a projectile in motion.

1. Force 1

Gravity

2. Force 2

Air resistance

The two main forces are gravity and air resistance.

What is the typical value of acceleration due to gravity on Earth?

undefined. A) 8.91 m/s²

undefined. B) 9.81 m/s² ✓

undefined. C) 10.81 m/s²

undefined. D) 11.81 m/s²

The typical value of acceleration due to gravity on Earth is 9.81 m/s².

Part 2: Understanding and Application

If a projectile is launched at an angle of 45 degrees, what can be said about its horizontal and vertical components of velocity?

undefined. A) Horizontal is greater than vertical

undefined. B) Vertical is greater than horizontal

undefined. C) Both are equal ✓

undefined. D) Cannot be determined

At a 45-degree launch angle, the horizontal and vertical components of velocity are equal.

Which factors affect the range of a projectile?

undefined. A) Initial velocity ✓

undefined. B) Launch angle ✓

undefined. C) Mass of the projectile

undefined. D) Acceleration due to gravity ✓

The range of a projectile is affected by initial velocity, launch angle, and acceleration due to gravity.

Describe how the launch angle affects the range and maximum height of a projectile.

The launch angle affects both the range and maximum height; a higher angle increases height but may decrease range, while an optimal angle maximizes both.

A projectile is launched with an initial velocity of 20 m/s at an angle of 30 degrees. What is the initial horizontal velocity component?

undefined. A) 10 m/s

undefined. B) 17.32 m/s ✓

undefined. C) 20 m/s

undefined. D) 15 m/s

The initial horizontal velocity component can be calculated using the cosine of the launch angle.

Given a projectile launched from the ground, which of the following changes would increase its time of flight?

undefined. A) Increasing the launch angle ✓

undefined. B) Increasing the initial velocity ✓

undefined. C) Decreasing the launch angle

undefined. D) Increasing the mass of the projectile

Increasing the launch angle or initial velocity will increase the time of flight.

Calculate the maximum height reached by a projectile launched with an initial vertical velocity of 15 m/s. Assume $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$.

The maximum height can be calculated using the formula $h = (v^2) / (2g)$.

Part 3: Analysis, Evaluation, and Creation

If two projectiles are launched with the same initial speed but at different angles, which angle will result in the greatest range?

undefined. A) 30 degrees

undefined. B) 45 degrees ✓

undefined. C) 60 degrees

undefined. D) 90 degrees

The angle that results in the greatest range is 45 degrees.

Analyze the following scenarios and identify which will result in the same range for a projectile.

undefined. **A) Launch angle of 30 degrees and 60 degrees ✓**

undefined. B) Launch angle of 45 degrees and 45 degrees

undefined. **C) Launch angle of 20 degrees and 70 degrees ✓**

undefined. D) Launch angle of 0 degrees and 90 degrees

Launch angles of 30 degrees and 60 degrees will result in the same range.

Explain why the horizontal and vertical motions of a projectile are independent of each other.

The horizontal and vertical motions are independent because they are influenced by different forces; horizontal motion is constant while vertical motion is affected by gravity.

A projectile is launched horizontally from a height of 50 meters. Which factor will most significantly affect the time it takes to hit the ground?

undefined. A) Initial horizontal velocity

undefined. **B) Height from which it is launched ✓**

undefined. C) Mass of the projectile

undefined. D) Launch angle

The height from which it is launched is the most significant factor affecting the time to hit the ground.

Evaluate the following statements and select those that correctly describe the effects of air resistance on projectile motion.

undefined. **A) It decreases the range of the projectile. ✓**

undefined. **B) It increases the time of flight. ✓**

undefined. **C) It alters the parabolic trajectory. ✓**

undefined. D) It has no effect on the vertical motion.

Air resistance decreases the range, increases the time of flight, and alters the parabolic trajectory.

Design an experiment to measure the range of a projectile launched at different angles. Describe the setup, procedure, and how you would ensure accuracy in your measurements.

An experiment can be designed using a projectile launcher, measuring tape, and protractor to measure angles and distances accurately.