

Potential Energy Diagram Worksheet Answer Key PDF

Potential Energy Diagram Worksheet Answer Key PDF

Disclaimer: The potential energy diagram worksheet answer key pdf was generated with the help of StudyBlaze AI. Please be aware that AI can make mistakes. Please consult your teacher if you're unsure about your solution or think there might have been a mistake. Or reach out directly to the StudyBlaze team at max@studyblaze.io.

Part 1: Building a Foundation

What does a potential energy diagram primarily depict?

undefined. A) The speed of a reaction

undefined. B) The change in potential energy during a reaction ✓

undefined. C) The color change of reactants

undefined. D) The mass of the products

A potential energy diagram primarily depicts the change in potential energy during a reaction.

Which of the following are components of a potential energy diagram? (Select all that apply)

undefined. A) Reactants ✓

undefined. B) Activation Energy ✓

undefined. C) Catalyst concentration

undefined. D) Transition State ✓

Components of a potential energy diagram include reactants, activation energy, and transition state.

Describe the significance of the activation energy in a chemical reaction.

Activation energy is significant because it determines the minimum energy required for reactants to undergo a chemical reaction.

List the two types of reactions based on energy change and briefly define each.

1. Exothermic reaction

A reaction that releases energy, usually in the form of heat.

2. Endothermic reaction



A reaction that absorbs energy from its surroundings.

The two types of reactions are exothermic (release energy) and endothermic (absorb energy).

Part 2: comprehension and Interpretation

In an exothermic reaction, how does the potential energy of the products compare to that of the reactants?

undefined. A) Higher

undefined. B) Lower ✓

undefined. C) The same

undefined. D) Unrelated

In an exothermic reaction, the potential energy of the products is lower than that of the reactants.

Which statements are true about the transition state in a potential energy diagram? (Select all that apply)

undefined. A) It is the lowest energy point in the diagram.

undefined. B) It represents a high-energy, unstable condition. ✓

undefined. C) It occurs after the products are formed.

undefined. D) It is the peak of the energy diagram. ✓

The transition state is a high-energy, unstable condition and is the peak of the energy diagram.

Explain how a catalyst affects the potential energy diagram of a reaction.

A catalyst lowers the activation energy, which alters the shape of the potential energy diagram by reducing the peak height.

Part 3: Application and Analysis

If a reaction has a high activation energy, what can be inferred about its rate?

undefined. A) It will be fast.

undefined. B) It will be slow. ✓

Create hundreds of practice and test experiences based on the latest learning science.



undefined. C) It will be unaffected.

undefined. D) It will depend on the temperature only.

A reaction with a high activation energy will generally be slow.

How might a chemist lower the activation energy of a reaction? (Select all that apply)

undefined. A) Increase the temperature ✓

undefined. B) Add a catalyst ✓

undefined. C) Increase the concentration of reactants

undefined. D) Use a different solvent ✓

A chemist can lower activation energy by adding a catalyst, increasing the temperature, or using a different solvent.

Given a potential energy diagram, identify the reactants, products, and activation energy. Explain your reasoning.

The reactants are found at the starting energy level, products at the final level, and activation energy is the height of the peak.

Which part of the potential energy diagram would change if a catalyst is added to the reaction?

undefined. A) The initial energy level

undefined. B) The peak height (activation energy) ✓

undefined. C) The final energy level

undefined. D) The overall energy change (ΔH)

The peak height (activation energy) would change if a catalyst is added.

Analyze the following scenario: A reaction is exothermic, but it proceeds very slowly. What could be the reasons? (Select all that apply)

undefined. A) High activation energy ✓

undefined. B) Low concentration of reactants ✓

undefined. C) High concentration of products

undefined. D) Presence of a catalyst



Reasons for a slow exothermic reaction could include high activation energy and low concentration of reactants.

Compare and contrast the potential energy diagrams of an endothermic and an exothermic reaction. What are the key differences?

Endothermic diagrams show an increase in energy, while exothermic diagrams show a decrease; the shapes reflect these energy changes.

Part 4: Evaluation and Creation

Which statement best evaluates the role of potential energy diagrams in understanding chemical reactions?

undefined. A) They only show the speed of reactions.

undefined. B) They provide insight into the energy changes and stability of reactions. ✓

undefined. C) They are only useful for endothermic reactions.

undefined. D) They depict the color changes during reactions.

Potential energy diagrams provide insight into the energy changes and stability of reactions.

Evaluate the following statements about catalysts. Which are correct? (Select all that apply)

undefined. A) Catalysts are consumed in the reaction.

undefined. B) Catalysts lower the activation energy. ✓

undefined. C) Catalysts change the overall energy change (ΔH) of the reaction.

undefined. D) Catalysts provide an alternative reaction pathway. ✓

Correct statements include that catalysts lower activation energy and provide an alternative reaction pathway.

Design a potential energy diagram for a hypothetical reaction, labeling all key components. Explain the choices you made in your design.

The design should include labeled reactants, products, activation energy, and transition state, with explanations for each choice.