

## **Naming Acids Worksheet Questions and Answers PDF**

Naming Acids Worksheet Questions And Answers PDF

Disclaimer: The naming acids worksheet questions and answers pdf was generated with the help of StudyBlaze AI. Please be aware that AI can make mistakes. Please consult your teacher if you're unsure about your solution or think there might have been a mistake. Or reach out directly to the StudyBlaze team at max@studyblaze.io.

## Part 1: Foundational Knowledge

What is the prefix used in the naming of binary acids?
Hint: Think about the common prefixes used in acid nomenclature.
O Per-
O Hydro- ✓
○ Hypo-
○ Meta-
The prefix used in the naming of binary acids is 'Hydro-'.
What is the prefix used in the naming of binary acids?
Hint: Think about the common prefixes used in acid nomenclature.
O Per-
○ Hydro- ✓
○ Нуро-
○ Meta-
The prefix used in the naming of binary acids is 'hydro-'.
Which of the following are characteristics of acids? (Select all that apply)
Hint: Consider the properties of acids in aqueous solutions.
□ Release hydrogen ions in water ✓
☐ Taste bitter
☐ Turn blue litmis paper red ✓
☐ Feel slippery

/,

Explain the difference between binary acids and oxyacids in terms of their composition.

Hint: Consider the elements involved in each type of acid.



Binary acids consist of hydrogen and one other nonmetal, while oxyacids contain hydrogen, oxygen, and another element.
Explain the difference between binary acids and oxyacids in terms of their composition.
Hint: Consider the elements that make up each type of acid.
Binary acids consist of hydrogen and one other nonmetal, while oxyacids contain hydrogen, oxygen, and another element.
List the suffixes used for naming acids derived from polyatomic ions ending in "-ate" and "-ite."
Hint: Think about how the endings of the polyatomic ions change when naming acids.
1ate
-ic
2ite
-ous



List the suffixes used for naming acids derived from polyatomic ions ending in "-ate" and "-ite."
Hint: Think about the naming conventions for polyatomic ions.
1ate:
-ic
2ite:
-ous
The suffix for '-ate' ions is '-ic' and for '-ite' ions is '-ous'.  Part 2: Comprehension
Which of the following is the correct name for H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ?
Hint: Consider the common names for acids derived from sulfur.
Hint: Consider the common names for acids derived from sulfur.  Sulfurous acid
Hint: Consider the common names for acids derived from sulfur.  ○ Sulfurous acid  ○ Sulfuric acid ✓  ○ Hydrosulfuric acid
Hint: Consider the common names for acids derived from sulfur.  ○ Sulfurous acid ○ Sulfuric acid ✓ ○ Hydrosulfuric acid ○ Sulfate acid
Hint: Consider the common names for acids derived from sulfur.  ○ Sulfurous acid  ○ Sulfuric acid ✓  ○ Hydrosulfuric acid
Hint: Consider the common names for acids derived from sulfur.  ○ Sulfurous acid ○ Sulfuric acid ✓ ○ Hydrosulfuric acid ○ Sulfate acid
Hint: Consider the common names for acids derived from sulfur.  Sulfurous acid Sulfuric acid ✓ Hydrosulfuric acid Sulfate acid  The correct name for H₂SO₄ is 'Sulfuric acid'.
Hint: Consider the common names for acids derived from sulfur.  Sulfurous acid Sulfuric acid ✓ Hydrosulfuric acid Sulfate acid The correct name for H₂SO₄ is 'Sulfuric acid'.  Which of the following is the correct name for H₂SO₄?



<ul><li>Hydrosulfuric acid</li><li>Sulfate acid</li></ul>
The correct name for H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> is sulfuric acid.
Which of the following is the correct name for H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ?
Hint: Consider the common names for sulfur-containing acids.
○ Sulfurous acid
○ Sulfuric acid ✓
<ul><li>Hydrosulfuric acid</li><li>Sulfate acid</li></ul>
The correct name for H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> is sulfuric acid.
Identify the correct names for the following acids: $\mathrm{HNO_3}$ and $\mathrm{HNO_2}$ .
Hint: Think about the naming conventions for nitric and nitrous acids.
☐ Nitric acid and Nitrous acid ✓
Nitrous acid and Nitric acid
Hydro nitric acid and Hydro nitrous acid  Nitrate acid and Nitrite acid
HNO <sub>3</sub> is nitric acid and HNO <sub>2</sub> is nitrous acid.
Identify the correct names for the following acids: HNO <sub>3</sub> and HNO <sub>2</sub> .
Hint: Think about the naming conventions for acids derived from nitrogen.
☐ Nitric acid and Nitrous acid ✓
Nitrous acid and Nitric acid
Hydro nitric acid and Hydro nitrous acid  Nitrate acid and Nitrite acid
$HNO_3$ is Nitric acid and $HNO_2$ is Nitrous acid.
Identify the correct names for the following acids: $\mathrm{HNO_3}$ and $\mathrm{HNO_2}$ .
Hint: Think about the naming conventions for nitric and nitrous acids.
☐ Nitric acid and Nitrous acid ✓



<ul><li></li></ul>	d and Hydro nitrous acid			
HNO <sub>3</sub> is nitric ac	cid and HNO <sub>2</sub> is nitrous acid.			
Describe how the	naming of oxyacids is influe	enced by the polyator	nic ions they contain.	
Hint: Consider the re	elationship between the polyatom	ic ion and the acid name		
	oxyacids is based on the na	me of the polyatomic	ion; '-ate' ions become	'-ic' acids
•	naming of oxyacids is influe	enced by the polyator	mic ions they contain.	
Hint: Consider the re	elationship between the ion name	es and the acid names.		
The naming of becomes '-ous	oxyacids is based on the na	me of the polyatomic	ion; '-ate' becomes '-ic'	and '-ite'

Describe how the naming of oxyacids is influenced by the polyatomic ions they contain.

Hint: Consider the relationship between the polyatomic ion and the acid name.



The naming of oxyacids is based on the polyatomic ion's name, with '-ate' ions becoming '-ic' acids and '-ite' ions becoming '-ous' acids.
Part 3: Application and Analysis
Given the formula HCIO, what is the correct name of this acid?
Hint: Think about the naming conventions for acids containing chlorine.
○ Chloric acid
○ Hypochlorous acid ✓
<ul><li>Perchloric acid</li><li>Chlorous acid</li></ul>
The correct name for HCIO is 'Hypochlorous acid'.
Given the formula HCIO, what is the correct name of this acid?
Hint: Think about the naming conventions for acids with chlorine.
○ Chloric acid
○ Hypochlorous acid ✓
<ul><li>Perchloric acid</li><li>Chlorous acid</li></ul>
The correct name for HCIO is hypochlorous acid.
Given the formula HCIO, what is the correct name of this acid?
Hint: Think about the naming conventions for acids containing chlorine.
○ Chloric acid
○ Hypochlorous acid ✓



<ul><li>○ Perchloric acid</li><li>○ Chlorous acid</li></ul>
The correct name for HCIO is hypochlorous acid.
Which of the following formulas represent binary acids? (Select all that apply)
Hint: Consider the formulas that consist of hydrogen and one other nonmetal.
<ul> <li>HBr ✓</li> <li>H₂CO₃</li> <li>HI ✓</li> <li>HNO₃</li> </ul>
HBr and HI are examples of binary acids.
Which of the following formulas represent binary acids? (Select all that apply)
Hint: Consider the formulas that consist of hydrogen and one other element.
<ul> <li>HBr ✓</li> <li>H₂CO₃</li> <li>HI ✓</li> <li>HNO₃</li> </ul>
Binary acids consist of hydrogen and one other nonmetal element.
Which of the following formulas represent binary acids? (Select all that apply)
Hint: Consider the formulas that consist of hydrogen and one other nonmetal.  ☐ HBr ✓ ☐ H₂CO₃ ☐ HI ✓ ☐ HNO₃
Binary acids consist of hydrogen and one other nonmetal, such as HBr and HI.  Write the chemical formula for phosphoric acid and explain the steps involved in deriving it from its
name.

Create hundreds of practice and test experiences based on the latest learning science.

Hint: Consider the components of the name and how they relate to the formula.



//
The chemical formula for phosphoric acid is H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> , derived from the phosphate ion.
Vrite the chemical formula for phosphoric acid and explain the steps involved in deriving it from its ame.
lint: Consider the components of phosphoric acid.
//
The chemical formula for phosphoric acid is H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> , derived from the phosphate ion.
Vrite the chemical formula for phosphoric acid and explain the steps involved in deriving it from its ame.
lint: Consider the components of phosphoric acid.
The chemical formula for phosphoric acid is ${\rm H_3PO_4}$ , derived from the name by identifying the elements involved.
Part 4: Evaluation and Creation



Create a name for an acid with the formula H <sub>2</sub> 1eO <sub>4</sub> . Which of the following names would be correct?
Hint: Think about the naming conventions for acids derived from tellurium.
☐ Telluric acid ✓
Tellurous acid
Hydrotelluric acid
Perchloric acid
The correct name for H <sub>2</sub> TeO <sub>4</sub> is 'Telluric acid'.
Create a name for an acid with the formula H <sub>2</sub> TeO <sub>4</sub> . Which of the following names would be correct?
Hint: Think about the naming conventions for tellurium-containing acids.
☐ Telluric acid ✓
Tellurous acid
Hydrotelluric acid
Perchloric acid
The correct name for H <sub>2</sub> TeO <sub>4</sub> is telluric acid.
Create a name for an acid with the formula H <sub>2</sub> TeO <sub>4</sub> . Which of the following names would be correct?
Hint: Consider the naming conventions for tellurium-based acids.
☐ Telluric acid ✓
Tellurous acid
Hydrotelluric acid
Perchloric acid
The correct name for H <sub>2</sub> TeO <sub>4</sub> is telluric acid.

Evaluate the naming system for acids and propose any improvements or changes that could make it more intuitive for learners.

Hint: Consider the challenges learners face with the current naming conventions.



The naming system could be improved by simplifying the rules and providing more examples.
Evaluate the naming system for acids and propose any improvements or changes that could make it more intuitive for learners.
Hint: Consider the challenges students face with acid nomenclature.
The naming system could be improved by providing clearer guidelines and examples for students.
Evaluate the naming system for acids and propose any improvements or changes that could make it more intuitive for learners.
Hint: Consider the challenges learners face with acid nomenclature.
The naming system could be improved by providing clearer guidelines and examples for learners.
Given the following polyatomic ions, create the names for their corresponding acids:



Hint: Think about the naming conventions for acids derived from these ions.
1. NO <sub>3</sub> -
Nitric acid
2. CIO <sub>2</sub>
Chlorous acid
3. SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2</sup>
Sulfuric acid
The names for the acids are based on the polyatomic ions' endings.
Given the following polyatomic ions, create the names for their corresponding acids:
Hint: Think about the naming conventions for acids derived from polyatomic ions.
1. NO <sub>3</sub> :
Nitric acid
2. CIO <sub>2</sub> ·:
Chlorous acid
3. SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2</sup> :



Sulfuric acid
The names for the acids are based on the names of the polyatomic ions they derive from.
Given the following polyatomic ions, create the names for their corresponding acids:
Hint: Think about the naming conventions for acids derived from polyatomic ions.
1. NO <sub>3</sub> :
Nitric acid
2. CIO <sub>2</sub> :
Chlorous acid
3. SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2</sup> :
Sulfuric acid

Create hundreds of practice and test experiences based on the latest learning science.

The names for the acids are based on the suffixes of the polyatomic ions.