

Multiply Polynomials Worksheet

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Part 1: Foundational Knowledge

What is the degree of the polynomial $(3x^4 + 2x^3 - x + 7)$?

Hint: Identify the highest power of the variable.

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4

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Hint: Identify the highest power of the variable in the polynomial.

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Hint: Identify the highest power of the variable in the polynomial.

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4

Which of the following are considered polynomials?

Hint: Look for expressions that only have non-negative integer exponents.

- $(5x^2 + 3x - 1)$

- $\sqrt{2x^{-1} + 4}$
- $\sqrt{x^3 + \frac{1}{x}}$
- $\sqrt{7x^5 - 2x^2 + 3}$

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- $x^3 + \frac{1}{x}$
- $7x^5 - 2x^2 + 3$

Which of the following are considered polynomials?

Hint: Select all expressions that meet the polynomial criteria.

- a) $\sqrt{5x^2 + 3x - 1}$
- b) $\sqrt{2x^{-1} + 4}$
- c) $\sqrt{x^3 + \frac{1}{x}}$
- d) $\sqrt{7x^5 - 2x^2 + 3}$

Explain the difference between a monomial, binomial, and trinomial. Provide an example of each.

Hint: Consider the number of terms in each type of polynomial.

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Explain the difference between a monomial, binomial, and trinomial. Provide an example of each.

Hint: Define each term and give a specific example.

List the terms of the polynomial $(4x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x - 5)$.

Hint: Identify each separate part of the polynomial.

1. What are the terms?

Part 2: comprehension

Which of the following expressions represents the standard form of a polynomial?

Hint: Look for the expression with terms ordered by decreasing degree.

- $(x^2 + 3x^3 - 5)$
- $(3x^3 + x^2 - 5)$
- $(-5 + 3x^3 + x^2)$
- $(x^2 - 5 + 3x^3)$

Which of the following expressions represents the standard form of a polynomial?

Hint: Standard form has terms ordered by decreasing degree.

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- $3x^3 + x^2 - 5$
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- $x^2 - 5 + 3x^3$

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Hint: Look for the expression with terms ordered by decreasing degree.

- a) $(x^2 + 3x^3 - 5)$
- b) $(3x^3 + x^2 - 5)$
- c) $(-5 + 3x^3 + x^2)$
- d) $(x^2 - 5 + 3x^3)$

Identify the correct steps in multiplying the binomials $(x + 2)(x - 3)$ using the FOIL method.

Hint: Remember the FOIL acronym stands for First, Outer, Inner, Last.

- First: $(x \cdot x)$
- Outer: $(x \cdot -3)$
- Inner: $(2 \cdot x)$
- Last: $(2 \cdot -3)$

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Identify the correct steps in multiplying the binomials $(x + 2)(x - 3)$ using the FOIL method.

Hint: Recall the FOIL acronym for the multiplication process.

- a) First: $(x \cdot x)$
- b) Outer: $(x \cdot -3)$
- c) Inner: $(2 \cdot x)$
- d) Last: $(2 \cdot -3)$

Describe how the distributive property is used in multiplying polynomials. Provide an example.

Hint: Think about how you apply the distributive property to each term.

Describe how the distributive property is used in multiplying polynomials. Provide an example.

Hint: Think about how you distribute each term in one polynomial to every term in the other.

Describe how the distributive property is used in multiplying polynomials. Provide an example.

Hint: Explain the distributive property and give a specific example.

Part 3: Application and Analysis

What is the product of $(x + 4)(x - 2)$?

Hint: Use the distributive property or FOIL method to find the product.

- $(x^2 + 2x - 8)$
- $(x^2 + 2x + 8)$

- $\sqrt{x^2 - 2x - 8}$
 $\sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 8}$

What is the product of $\sqrt{(x + 4)(x - 2)}$?

Hint: Use the distributive property or FOIL to find the product.

- $x^2 + 2x - 8$
 $x^2 + 2x + 8$
 $x^2 - 2x - 8$
 $x^2 - 2x + 8$

What is the product of $\sqrt{(x + 4)(x - 2)}$?

Hint: Use the distributive property or FOIL to find the product.

- a) $\sqrt{x^2 + 2x - 8}$
 b) $\sqrt{x^2 + 2x + 8}$
 c) $\sqrt{x^2 - 2x - 8}$
 d) $\sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 8}$

Which of the following are correct applications of the difference of squares formula?

Hint: Look for expressions that can be factored into the form $\sqrt{a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)}$.

- $\sqrt{x^2 - 9 = (x + 3)(x - 3)}$
 $\sqrt{4x^2 - 16 = (2x + 4)(2x - 4)}$
 $\sqrt{a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)}$
 $\sqrt{x^2 + 4 = (x + 2)(x - 2)}$

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 $4x^2 - 16 = (2x + 4)(2x - 4)$
 $a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)$
 $x^2 + 4 = (x + 2)(x - 2)$

Which of the following are correct applications of the difference of squares formula?

Hint: Identify expressions that can be factored using the difference of squares.

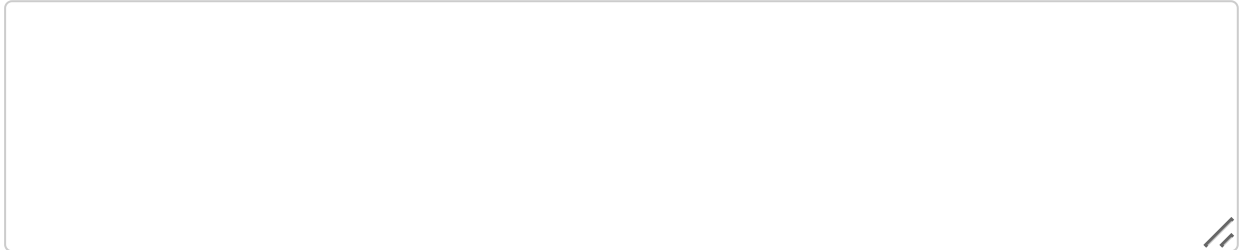
- a) $\sqrt{x^2 - 9 = (x + 3)(x - 3)}$
 b) $\sqrt{4x^2 - 16 = (2x + 4)(2x - 4)}$

c) $a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)$

d) $x^2 + 4 = (x + 2)(x - 2)$

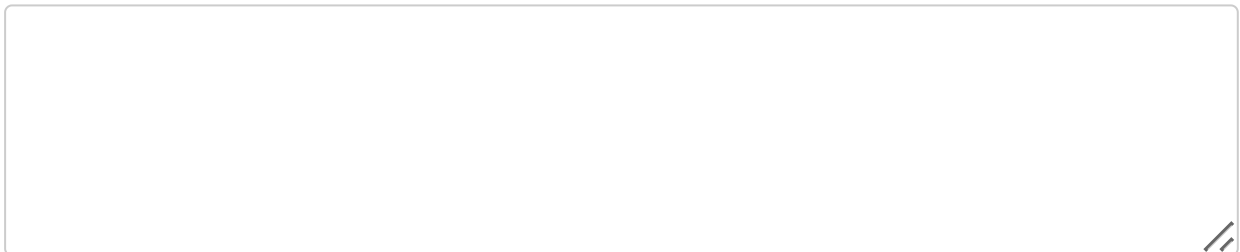
Use the area model to multiply the polynomials $(x + 3)$ and $(x + 5)$. Show your work and final answer.

Hint: Draw a rectangle and label the sides with the binomials.



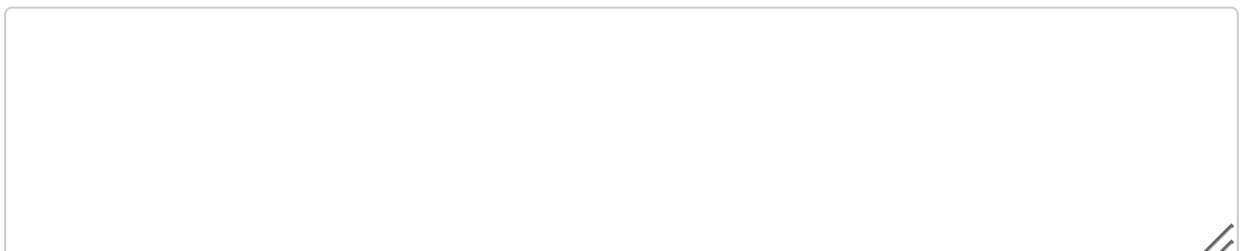
Use the area model to multiply the polynomials $(x + 3)$ and $(x + 5)$. Show your work and final answer.

Hint: Draw a rectangle divided into sections to represent each term.



Use the area model to multiply the polynomials $(x + 3)$ and $(x + 5)$. Show your work and final answer.

Hint: Draw a rectangle to represent the area model.



Part 4: Evaluation and Creation

Which expression is equivalent to $\sqrt{(2x + 3)^2}$?

Hint: Use the formula $\sqrt{(a + b)^2} = a + b$.

- $\sqrt{4x^2 + 9}$
- $\sqrt{4x^2 + 12x + 9}$
- $\sqrt{4x^2 + 6x + 9}$
- $\sqrt{4x^2 + 6x + 6}$

Which expression is equivalent to $\sqrt{(2x + 3)^2}$?

Hint: Expand the expression using the formula $\sqrt{(a + b)^2} = a + b$.

- $4x^2 + 9$
- $4x^2 + 12x + 9$
- $4x^2 + 6x + 9$
- $4x^2 + 6x + 6$

Which expression is equivalent to $\sqrt{(2x + 3)^2}$?

Hint: Expand the expression to find the equivalent form.

- a) $\sqrt{4x^2 + 9}$
- b) $\sqrt{4x^2 + 12x + 9}$
- c) $\sqrt{4x^2 + 6x + 9}$
- d) $\sqrt{4x^2 + 6x + 6}$

Analyze the polynomial $(x^2 - 4x + 4)$. Which of the following statements are true?

Hint: Consider the properties of the polynomial and its factors.

- It is a perfect square trinomial.
- It can be factored as $(x - 2)^2$.
- It is a difference of squares.
- It has a degree of 2.

Analyze the polynomial $(x^2 - 4x + 4)$. Which of the following statements are true?

Hint: Consider the properties of the polynomial and its factors.

- It is a perfect square trinomial.
- It can be factored as $(x - 2)^2$.

- It is a difference of squares.
- It has a degree of 2.

Analyze the polynomial $(x^2 - 4x + 4)$. Which of the following statements are true?

Hint: Evaluate each statement based on the polynomial's properties.

- a) It is a perfect square trinomial.
- b) It can be factored as $((x - 2)^2)$.
- c) It is a difference of squares.
- d) It has a degree of 2.

Evaluate the correctness of the statement: "The product of two binomials is always a trinomial."

Hint: Consider the number of terms in the product of two binomials.

- True
- False
- Sometimes
- Always

Consider the polynomial $(x^2 + 5x + 6)$. Which of the following are valid factorizations?

Hint: Look for pairs of numbers that multiply to the constant term and add to the linear coefficient.

- $((x + 2)(x + 3))$
- $((x - 2)(x - 3))$
- $((x + 1)(x + 6))$
- $((x + 3)(x + 2))$

Consider the polynomial $(x^2 + 5x + 6)$. Which of the following are valid factorizations?

Hint: Identify the correct factorizations of the polynomial.

- a) $((x + 2)(x + 3))$
- b) $((x - 2)(x - 3))$
- c) $((x + 1)(x + 6))$
- d) $((x + 3)(x + 2))$

Create a real-world problem that can be modeled by the polynomial expression $((x + 2)(x - 5))$. Explain the scenario and how the polynomial is used to solve it.

Hint: Think about a situation involving area or dimensions.

Create a real-world problem that can be modeled by the polynomial expression $(x + 2)(x - 5)$. Explain the scenario and how the polynomial is used to solve it.

Hint: Think of a situation where the polynomial represents a relationship.