

Mitosis Versus Meiosis Worksheet Answer Key PDF

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Part 1: Foundational Knowledge

What is the primary purpose of mitosis in multicellular organisms?

undefined. A) Sexual reproduction

undefined. B) Growth and repair ✓

undefined. C) Genetic diversity

undefined. D) Energy production

The primary purpose of mitosis is growth and repair in multicellular organisms.

Which of the following are phases of mitosis? (Select all that apply)

undefined. A) Prophase ✓

undefined. B) Metaphase ✓

undefined. C) Interphase

undefined. D) Telophase ✓

The phases of mitosis include prophase, metaphase, and telophase.

Describe the role of chromosomes during cell division.

Chromosomes carry genetic information and ensure it is accurately distributed to daughter cells during cell division.

List the main phases of meiosis I and meiosis II.

1. What are the phases of meiosis I?

Prophase I, Metaphase I, Anaphase I, Telophase I

2. What are the phases of meiosis II?



Prophase II, Metaphase II, Anaphase II, Telophase II

Meiosis I includes prophase I, metaphase I, anaphase I, and telophase I. Meiosis II includes prophase II, metaphase II, anaphase II, and telophase II.

Part 2: comprehension

How does meiosis contribute to genetic diversity?

undefined. A) By producing identical cells

undefined. B) Through crossing over and independent assortment ✓

undefined. C) By maintaining chromosome number

undefined. D) By replicating DNA

Meiosis contributes to genetic diversity through crossing over and independent assortment.

Which of the following statements about mitosis and meiosis are true? (Select all that apply)

undefined. A) Mitosis results in two identical daughter cells. ✓

undefined. B) Meiosis results in four genetically diverse cells. \checkmark

undefined. C) Mitosis reduces the chromosome number by half.

undefined. D) Meiosis is involved in asexual reproduction.

True statements include that mitosis results in two identical daughter cells and meiosis results in four genetically diverse cells.

Explain why mitosis is important for tissue repair.

Mitosis is important for tissue repair as it allows for the replacement of damaged or lost cells, facilitating healing.

Part 3: Application

If a diploid cell with 8 chromosomes undergoes meiosis, how many chromosomes will each resulting gamete have?

undefined. A) 4 √

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undefined. B) 8 undefined. C) 16 undefined. D) 32

Each resulting gamete will have 4 chromosomes after meiosis.

In which scenarios would mitosis be more beneficial than meiosis? (Select all that apply)

undefined. A) Healing a cut on the skin ✓

undefined. B) Producing sperm cells

undefined. C) Growing taller during adolescence ✓

undefined. D) Creating genetic variation in offspring

Scenarios where mitosis is more beneficial include healing a cut on the skin and growing taller during adolescence.

Describe a real-world example where meiosis plays a crucial role in an organism's life cycle.

Meiosis plays a crucial role in the formation of gametes, such as sperm and eggs, which are essential for sexual reproduction.

Part 4: Analysis

Which phase of meiosis is most responsible for increasing genetic variation?

undefined. A) Prophase I ✓

undefined. B) Metaphase II

undefined. C) Anaphase I

undefined. D) Telophase II

Prophase I is most responsible for increasing genetic variation due to crossing over.

Analyze the differences between mitosis and meiosis in terms of their outcomes. Which statements are correct? (Select all that apply)

undefined. A) Mitosis produces cells with the same chromosome number as the parent. ✓ undefined. B) Meiosis produces cells with half the chromosome number of the parent. ✓ undefined. C) Mitosis results in four daughter cells.

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undefined. D) Meiosis results in genetically identical cells.

Correct statements include that mitosis produces cells with the same chromosome number as the parent and meiosis produces cells with half the chromosome number of the parent.

Compare and contrast the roles of mitosis and meiosis in an organism's life cycle.

Both mitosis and meiosis are essential for growth and reproduction, but they serve different purposes: mitosis for growth and repair, and meiosis for sexual reproduction and genetic diversity.

Part 5: Evaluation and Creation

Which of the following best explains why meiosis is essential for evolution?

undefined. A) It produces identical cells.

undefined. B) It increases genetic variation. ✓

undefined. C) It maintains chromosome number.

undefined. D) It occurs in somatic cells.

Meiosis is essential for evolution because it increases genetic variation, which is crucial for natural selection.

Evaluate the following scenarios and determine which would be negatively impacted by a malfunction in meiosis. (Select all that apply)

undefined. A) A population's ability to adapt to environmental changes ✓

undefined. B) The growth of a plant's roots

undefined. C) The formation of new skin cells

undefined. D) The production of viable gametes ✓

Scenarios negatively impacted by a malfunction in meiosis include a population's ability to adapt to environmental changes and the production of viable gametes.

Propose a hypothetical experiment to study the effects of a specific mutation on meiosis and predict the potential outcomes.

A hypothetical experiment could involve introducing a mutation in a model organism and observing the effects on gamete formation and genetic diversity.