

## **DNA Mutations Practice Worksheet Questions and Answers PDF**

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## Part 1: Building a Foundation

What is a DNA mutation?	
Hint: Think about the definition of a mutation in genetics.	
<ul> <li>A) A type of protein synthesis</li> <li>B) A change in the nucleotide sequence of DNA ✓</li> <li>C) A form of cellular respiration</li> <li>D) A method of genetic recombination</li> </ul>	
A DNA mutation is a change in the nucleotide sequence of DNA.	
Which of the following are types of point mutations? (Select all that apply)  Hint: Consider the different types of mutations that affect a single nucleotide.	
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## Describe what a frameshift mutation is and how it occurs.

Hint: Think about how insertions or deletions in DNA can affect the reading frame.



A frameshift mutation occurs when nucleotides are inserted or deleted, altering the reading frame of the gene.
List two environmental factors that can cause DNA mutations.
Hint: Consider both physical and chemical factors.
1. Environmental Factor 1
UV radiation
2. Environmental Factor 2
Chemical mutagens
Environmental factors such as UV radiation and chemical mutagens can cause DNA mutations.
Which repair mechanism is responsible for fixing mismatched base pairs?
Hint: Think about the different DNA repair processes.
O A) Nucleotide excision repair
<ul><li>○ B) Base excision repair</li><li>○ C) Mismatch repair ✓</li></ul>
D) Homologous recombination
Mismatch repair is responsible for fixing mismatched base pairs.



## Part 2: comprehension and Application

Why might a silent mutation not affect the function of a protein?	
Hint: Consider the redundancy of the genetic code.	
<ul> <li>A) It changes the protein structure</li> <li>B) It does not change the amino acid sequence ✓</li> <li>C) It enhances protein function</li> <li>D) It creates a stop codon</li> </ul>	
A silent mutation does not change the amino acid sequence, thus it may not affect prote	ein function.
Which of the following statements about chromosomal mutations are true? (Select a	all that apply)
Hint: Think about the scale and impact of chromosomal mutations.	
<ul> <li>A) They only affect a single nucleotide.</li> <li>B) They can involve large segments of DNA. ✓</li> <li>C) They can result in duplications or deletions. ✓</li> <li>D) They are always harmful.</li> </ul>	
Chromosomal mutations can involve large segments of DNA and can result in duplication	ons or deletions.
Explain how UV radiation can lead to DNA mutations.	
Hint: Consider the effects of UV light on DNA structure.	
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UV radiation can cause the formation of thymine dimers, leading to errors during DNA replication.

A mutation occurs in a gene coding for an enzyme, resulting in a nonfunctional protein. Which type of mutation is most likely responsible?

Hint: Think about the types of mutations that can lead to a nonfunctional protein.



_	A) Silent mutation
	B) Missense mutation
	C) Nonsense mutation ✓ D) Synonymous mutation
	A nonsense mutation is most likely responsible for producing a nonfunctional protein.
	a laboratory setting, a scientist exposes bacteria to a chemical mutagen. What outcomes might e scientist observe? (Select all that apply)
Hi	nt: Consider the effects of mutagens on bacterial populations.
	A) Increased mutation rate ✓ B) Enhanced bacterial growth
	C) Development of antibiotic resistance ✓
$\equiv$	D) Decreased genetic diversity ✓
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	The scientist might observe an increased mutation rate, development of antibiotic resistance, and decreased genetic diversity.
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	D) Repair of a single base pair mismatch ✓
	Scenarios involving DNA repair mechanisms include correction of thymine dimers and repair of base pair mismatches.
	ompare and contrast point mutations and chromosomal mutations in terms of their potential spact on an organism.
Hi	nt: Consider the scale and effects of each type of mutation.
	Point mutations affect a single nucleotide, while chromosomal mutations can affect large segments of DNA, potentially leading to more significant impacts.
	hich of the following scenarios best illustrates the potential benefit of a DNA mutation?
	nt: Think about mutations that can enhance survival.
0	<ul> <li>A) A mutation that causes a genetic disorder</li> <li>B) A mutation that enhances an organism's survival in its environment ✓</li> <li>C) A mutation that leads to cancer</li> <li>D) A mutation that has no effect on the organism</li> </ul>
	A mutation that enhances an organism's survival in its environment illustrates the potential benefit of a DNA mutation.
	valuate the following statements and identify which are true regarding the role of DNA mutations in colution. (Select all that apply)
Hi	nt: Consider the significance of mutations in the context of evolutionary biology.
	A) Mutations are the only source of genetic variation.
$\equiv$	B) Mutations can lead to new traits that may be advantageous. ✓
	C) All mutations are harmful and reduce fitness.
$\Box$	D) Mutations contribute to the diversity of life forms. ✓



	True statements include that mutations can lead to new traits that may be advantageous and contribute to the diversity of life forms.
De	opose a hypothetical experiment to study the effects of a specific mutagen on a model organism. escribe the methodology and expected outcomes.  Int: Think about how you would design an experiment to test mutagen effects.
	The experiment should outline the mutagen used, the model organism, and the expected effects on mutation rates and phenotypes.