

## **Covalent Naming Worksheet Answer Key PDF**

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## Part 1: Building a Foundation

## Which of the following is the correct prefix for indicating two atoms in a covalent compound?

undefined. Monoundefined. Di- ✓ undefined. Triundefined. Tetram-

The correct prefix for indicating two atoms is 'Di-'.

## Select all prefixes that are used to indicate the number of atoms in covalent compounds.

undefined. Penta- ✓ undefined. Hexa- ✓ undefined. Octa- ✓ undefined. Nona- ✓

Prefixes such as Penta-, Hexa-, Octa-, and Nona- are used to indicate the number of atoms.

## Explain why the prefix 'mono-' is often omitted for the first element in a covalent compound name.

'Mono-' is often omitted for the first element to simplify the name, as it is understood that there is one atom.

## List the names of the following covalent compounds: CO2, H2O, NH3.

1. CO2

Carbon dioxide

2. H2O



#### Water (or Dihydrogen monoxide)

3. NH3

#### **Ammonia (or Nitrogen trihydride)**

The names are Carbon dioxide, Water (or Dihydrogen monoxide), and Ammonia (or Nitrogen trihydride).

## What suffix is typically used for the second element in a covalent compound?

undefined. -ate

undefined. -ide ✓

undefined. -ite

undefined. -ous

The suffix typically used for the second element is '-ide'.

## Part 2: Understanding and Interpretation

#### Which of the following compounds is named correctly?

undefined. Dinitrogen monoxide

undefined. Nitrogen oxide

undefined. Nitrogen dioxide ✓

undefined. Nitrogen trioxide

The correctly named compound is 'Nitrogen dioxide'.

## Which of the following statements about covalent compounds are true?

undefined. They are formed by sharing electrons. ✓

undefined. They are typically formed between metals and non-metals.

undefined. They use prefixes to indicate the number of atoms. ✓

undefined. They are named with the more electronegative element first.

The true statements are: They are formed by sharing electrons, they use prefixes to indicate the number of atoms.

## Describe the process of naming a covalent compound with an example.



The process involves identifying the elements, using prefixes for the number of atoms, and applying the correct suffix.

## Part 3: Application and Analysis

### What is the correct name for the compound SF6?

undefined. Sulfur hexafluoride ✓

undefined. Sulfur fluoride undefined. Hexasulfur fluoride undefined. Sulfur heptafluoride

The correct name for SF6 is 'Sulfur hexafluoride'.

## Identify the correct names for the following compounds:

undefined. PCI5 - Phosphorus pentachloride ✓

undefined. N2O4 - Dinitrogen tetroxide ✓

undefined. SO3 - Sulfur trioxide ✓

undefined. CCI4 - Carbon tetrachloride ✓

The correct names are: PCI5 - Phosphorus pentachloride, N2O4 - Dinitrogen tetroxide, SO3 - Sulfur trioxide, CCI4 - Carbon tetrachloride.

#### Given the compound formula C2H6, provide its systematic name and explain your reasoning.

The systematic name is Ethane, as it consists of two carbon atoms and six hydrogen atoms.

#### Which of the following pairs of elements is most likely to form a covalent compound?

undefined. Sodium and Chlorine

undefined. Hydrogen and Oxygen ✓

undefined. Calcium and Oxygen

undefined. Magnesium and Sulfur

The pair most likely to form a covalent compound is Hydrogen and Oxygen.



#### Analyze the following statements and select those that correctly describe covalent compounds:

undefined. They have high melting and boiling points.

undefined. They are typically poor conductors of electricity. ✓

undefined. They are usually soluble in water.

undefined. They can exist as gases, liquids, or solids at room temperature. ✓

The correct statements are: They are typically poor conductors of electricity, they can exist as gases, liquids, or solids at room temperature.

# Analyze the naming of the compound P4O10 and explain any discrepancies with the standard naming conventions.

P4O10 is named tetraphosphorus decoxide, which follows the naming conventions but may seem complex due to the number of atoms.

#### Part 4: Evaluation and Creation

#### Which of the following compounds would you expect to have the strongest covalent bonds?

undefined. H2 undefined. O2 undefined. N2 ✓

undefined. F2

The compound with the strongest covalent bonds is N2.

## Evaluate the following compounds and select those that are named correctly:

undefined. CO - Carbon monoxide ✓ undefined. H2S - Dihydrogen sulfide ✓ undefined. NO2 - Nitrogen dioxide ✓ undefined. SiO2 - Silicon dioxide ✓

The correctly named compounds are: CO - Carbon monoxide, H2S - Dihydrogen sulfide, NO2 - Nitrogen dioxide, SiO2 - Silicon dioxide.



Create a systematic name for a hypothetical compound with the formula X2Y5, where X and Y are non-metal elements. Explain your naming process.

The systematic name could be Dioxypentaylide, following the prefix and suffix conventions for naming.

## Propose names for the following hypothetical compounds and justify your choices:

1. A2X3

Dioxide triaide

2. C3D2

Tricarbon dihydride

The names could be A2X3 - Dioxide triaide, C3D2 - Tricarbon dihydride, following the naming conventions.