

Cells And Cell Organelles Worksheet Answer Key PDF

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Part 1: Building a Foundation

What is the basic structural and functional unit of all living organisms?

- undefined. A) Tissue
- undefined. B) Organ
- undefined. C) Cell ✓**
- undefined. D) Organism

The basic structural and functional unit of all living organisms is the cell.

Which of the following are characteristics of eukaryotic cells? (Select all that apply)

- undefined. A) Lack of nucleus
- undefined. B) Presence of membrane-bound organelles ✓**
- undefined. C) Presence of a distinct nucleus ✓**
- undefined. D) Smaller than prokaryotic cells

Eukaryotic cells have a distinct nucleus and membrane-bound organelles.

Describe the main function of the cell membrane.

The cell membrane regulates what enters and exits the cell and provides protection.

List two differences between plant cells and animal cells.

1. Difference 1

Plant cells have a cell wall.

2. Difference 2

Plant cells have chloroplasts.

Plant cells have a cell wall and chloroplasts, while animal cells do not.

Part 2: Comprehension and Application

Which organelle is known as the powerhouse of the cell?

- undefined. A) Ribosome
- undefined. B) Golgi Apparatus
- undefined. C) Mitochondria ✓**
- undefined. D) Lysosome

The mitochondria are known as the powerhouse of the cell because they produce ATP.

What are the functions of the smooth endoplasmic reticulum? (Select all that apply)

- undefined. A) Protein synthesis
- undefined. B) Lipid synthesis ✓**
- undefined. C) Detoxification processes ✓**
- undefined. D) Photosynthesis

The smooth endoplasmic reticulum is involved in lipid synthesis and detoxification processes.

If a cell is placed in a hypertonic solution, what is likely to happen to the cell?

- undefined. A) It will swell
- undefined. B) It will shrink ✓**
- undefined. C) It will remain the same
- undefined. D) It will burst

If a cell is placed in a hypertonic solution, it will likely shrink due to water moving out.

Describe a real-world scenario where the process of osmosis is critical for cell function.

Osmosis is critical in processes like nutrient absorption in the intestines.

Part 3: Analysis, Evaluation, and Creation

Which of the following correctly describes the relationship between the nucleus and ribosomes?

undefined. A) Ribosomes are found inside the nucleus

undefined. B) The nucleus directs ribosome production ✓

undefined. C) Ribosomes produce the nucleus

undefined. D) The nucleus and ribosomes are unrelated

The nucleus directs ribosome production, which occurs in the nucleolus.

Analyze the roles of the Golgi apparatus and lysosomes in protein processing and transport. Which statements are true? (Select all that apply)

undefined. A) The Golgi apparatus modifies proteins before they are transported ✓

undefined. B) Lysosomes digest proteins for energy

undefined. C) The Golgi apparatus packages proteins into vesicles ✓

undefined. D) Lysosomes are involved in protein synthesis

The Golgi apparatus modifies and packages proteins, while lysosomes digest proteins.

Which of the following scenarios would most likely disrupt cellular homeostasis?

undefined. A) Increased production of ATP

undefined. B) Loss of lysosomal function ✓

undefined. C) Enhanced protein synthesis

undefined. D) Improved cell membrane integrity

Loss of lysosomal function would disrupt cellular homeostasis by affecting waste processing.

Design an experiment to test the effects of temperature on enzyme activity within lysosomes. Describe your hypothesis, method, and expected results.

The experiment should outline how temperature affects enzyme activity, with expected results based on enzyme kinetics.