

Amsco Chapter 3 Flashcards World PDF

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What is the significance of the Agricultural Revolution?

The Agricultural Revolution marked the transition from nomadic hunter-gatherer societies to settled agricultural communities, leading to the development of civilization.

What were the main characteristics of early river valley civilizations?

Early river valley civilizations were characterized by fertile land, irrigation systems, social hierarchies, and the development of writing and trade.

How did geography influence the development of civilizations?

Geography influenced civilizations by determining the availability of resources, the climate for agriculture, and the ease of trade and communication.

What role did trade play in the development of early civilizations?

Trade facilitated the exchange of goods, ideas, and technologies, contributing to economic growth and cultural exchange among civilizations.

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What are some examples of early writing systems?

Examples of early writing systems include cuneiform in Mesopotamia, hieroglyphics in Egypt, and the Indus script in the Indus Valley.

What were the major achievements of the Sumerians?

The Sumerians are known for their innovations in writing (cuneiform), mathematics, astronomy, and the establishment of city-states.

How did the Code of Hammurabi influence law and society?

The Code of Hammurabi established a set of laws that governed society, emphasizing justice and the principle of 'an eye for an eye'.

What were the key features of Egyptian civilization?

Key features of Egyptian civilization included the Nile River, pyramids, pharaohs, polytheism, and advancements in medicine and engineering.

What was the significance of the Phoenician alphabet?

The Phoenician alphabet was significant because it was one of the first alphabets to use symbols to represent sounds, influencing later writing systems.

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How did the geography of Greece impact its development?

Greece's mountainous terrain and numerous islands led to the development of independent city-states and a focus on maritime trade.

What contributions did the ancient Greeks make to Western civilization?

Ancient Greeks contributed to Western civilization through advancements in philosophy, democracy, theater, and the sciences.

What was the role of religion in ancient civilizations?

Religion played a central role in ancient civilizations by providing a framework for social order, moral conduct, and explanations for natural phenomena.

How did the Silk Road facilitate cultural exchange?

The Silk Road facilitated cultural exchange by connecting different civilizations, allowing for the trade of goods, ideas, and technologies.

What were the major achievements of the Indus Valley civilization?

Major achievements of the Indus Valley civilization included advanced urban planning, drainage systems, and a standardized system of weights and measures.

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How did the fall of the Roman Empire impact Europe?

The fall of the Roman Empire led to the fragmentation of Europe, the rise of feudalism, and a decline in trade and cultural exchange.

What were the causes and effects of the Crusades?

The Crusades were caused by religious fervor, territorial expansion, and economic gain, leading to increased trade, cultural exchange, and tensions between Christians and Muslims.