

Adding Polynomials Worksheet Answer Key PDF

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Part 1: Building a Foundation

What is the degree of the polynomial $(3x^4 + 2x^3 - x + 7)$?

undefined. 1

undefined. 2

undefined. 3

undefined. 4 ✓

The degree of the polynomial is determined by the highest exponent of the variable.

Which of the following are terms in the polynomial $(5x^2 - 3x + 4)$?

undefined. $(5x^2)$ ✓

undefined. $(-3x)$ ✓

undefined. 4 ✓

undefined. (x^3)

Terms in a polynomial are the separate components that are added or subtracted.

Define a polynomial and explain the significance of its degree.

A polynomial is an expression consisting of variables raised to non-negative integer powers, and its degree indicates the highest power of the variable.

List the components of a polynomial and provide a brief description of each.

1. What is a coefficient?

A coefficient is a numerical factor in a term of a polynomial.

2. What is a variable?

A variable is a symbol that represents an unknown value in a polynomial.

3. What is an exponent?

An exponent indicates the power to which a variable is raised.

Components include coefficients, variables, exponents, and constants.

Which of the following best describes a binomial?

undefined. A polynomial with one term

undefined. A polynomial with two terms ✓

undefined. A polynomial with three terms

undefined. A polynomial with four terms

A binomial is defined as a polynomial that contains exactly two terms.

Part 2: Comprehension and Application

Identify the like terms in the expression $(2x^2 + 3x - 4 + x^2 - 5x)$.

undefined. $(2x^2)$ and (x^2) ✓

undefined. $(3x)$ and $(-5x)$ ✓

undefined. (-4)

undefined. None of the above

Like terms are terms that have the same variable and exponent.

Explain how you would add the polynomials $(4x^2 + 3x + 5)$ and $(2x^2 - x - 3)$.

To add polynomials, combine like terms by grouping them based on their variable and exponent.

What is the result of adding the polynomials $(3x^2 + 2x + 1)$ and $(x^2 - x + 4)$?

undefined. $(4x^2 + x + 5)$ ✓

undefined. $(4x^2 + x + 3)$

undefined. $(2x^2 + 3x + 5)$

undefined. $(2x^2 + x + 5)$

The result is obtained by adding the coefficients of like terms together.

Which of the following expressions are equivalent to the sum of $(2x^3 + 3x^2)$ and $(x^3 - 2x^2 + 4)$?

undefined. $(3x^3 + x^2 + 4)$ ✓

undefined. $(3x^3 + x^2 - 4)$

undefined. $(3x^3 + x^2 + 4)$ ✓

undefined. $(x^3 + x^2 + 4)$

The equivalent expressions will have the same coefficients for like terms after addition.

Part 3: Analysis, Evaluation, and Creation

When adding the polynomials $(x^2 + 3x + 2)$ and $(-x^2 + 4x - 5)$, what happens to the (x^2) terms?

undefined. They cancel each other out ✓

undefined. They add up to $(2x^2)$

undefined. They result in (x^2)

undefined. They subtract to (0)

The (x^2) terms will either cancel out or combine to form a new term.

Analyze the expression $(5x^2 + 3x - 2x^2 + 4)$. Which statements are true?

undefined. The expression simplifies to $(3x^2 + 3x + 4)$ ✓

undefined. The expression has a degree of 2 ✓

undefined. The constant term is 4 ✓

undefined. The coefficient of (x^2) is 5

True statements will reflect the simplified form and characteristics of the expression.

Break down the process of adding $(3x^2 + 2x + 1)$ and $(4x^2 - x + 5)$ and explain the significance of each step.

Each step in the addition process is crucial for ensuring accuracy and understanding polynomial behavior.

After adding the polynomials $(2x^2 + 3x + 4)$ and $(-x^2 + x - 2)$, what is the most significant change in the expression?

undefined. The degree increases

undefined. The constant term becomes zero

undefined. The coefficient of (x^2) changes ✓

undefined. The expression becomes a monomial

The most significant change will relate to the coefficients or the degree of the resulting polynomial.

Evaluate the expression $(x^2 + 2x + 1)$ after adding it to $(2x^2 - 3x + 4)$. Which of the following are true?

undefined. The resulting polynomial is a trinomial ✓

undefined. The degree of the polynomial is 2 ✓

undefined. The constant term is 5 ✓

undefined. The coefficient of (x) is (-1)

True statements will reflect the characteristics of the resulting polynomial after addition.

Create a polynomial expression that, when added to $(3x^2 + 2x + 1)$, results in a polynomial with a degree of 3. Explain your reasoning.

To achieve a degree of 3, the added polynomial must include a term with (x^3) .