

Z-scores Quiz PDF

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Which statistical measure is essential for calculating a Z-score?

- Median
- Mode
- Standard deviation
- Range

What is the Z-score of a data point that is exactly one standard deviation below the mean?

- 1
- 0
- 1
- 2

Which of the following is the formula for calculating a Z-score?

- $Z = (X + \mu) / \sigma$
- $Z = (X - \mu) / \sigma$
- $Z = (X \times \mu) / \sigma$
- $Z = (X - \sigma) / \mu$

Which of the following best describes the purpose of a Z-score?

- To calculate the mean of a dataset
- To determine the range of a dataset
- To measure how far a data point is from the mean
- To find the median of a dataset

If a Z-score is significantly higher than 3, what does this typically indicate?

- The data point is very close to the mean
- The data point is an outlier

- The data point is within the normal range
- The data point is at the mean

What does a positive Z-score indicate?

- The data point is below the mean
- The data point is above the mean
- The data point is at the mean
- The data point is an outlier

What can Z-scores help determine in a dataset? (Select all that apply)

- The central tendency
- The probability of a score occurring
- The presence of outliers
- The range of the dataset

Which of the following statements about the empirical rule are correct? (Select all that apply)

- 68% of data falls within 1 Z-score of the mean
- 95% of data falls within 2 Z-scores of the mean
- 99.7% of data falls within 3 Z-scores of the mean
- 50% of data falls within 1 Z-score of the mean

What steps would you take to identify outliers using Z-scores in a dataset?

Discuss the relationship between Z-scores and the normal distribution.

What are the steps to calculate a Z-score? (Select all that apply)

- Subtract the mean from the data point
- Multiply the result by the standard deviation
- Divide the result by the standard deviation
- Add the mean to the data point

How does the standard deviation of a dataset influence the Z-scores of its data points?

Which of the following are true about Z-scores? (Select all that apply)

- They can be used to compare scores from different datasets
- They are always positive
- They indicate how many standard deviations a data point is from the mean
- They are only applicable to normally distributed data

Describe a real-world scenario where calculating a Z-score would be beneficial.

Why might a researcher choose to use Z-scores when analyzing data?

In a normal distribution, approximately what percentage of data falls within 1 Z-score of the mean?

- 50%
- 68%
- 95%
- 99.7%

What does a Z-score of 0 indicate about a data point?

- It is an outlier
- It is below the mean
- It is above the mean
- It is equal to the mean

In which scenarios can Z-scores be useful? (Select all that apply)

- ComparING test scores from different exams
- Determining the mode of a dataset
- Identifying outliers in a dataset
- Calculating the median of a dataset

Which of the following can affect the calculation of a Z-score? (Select all that apply)

- The mean of the dataset
- The mode of the dataset
- The standard deviation of the dataset
- The range of the dataset

Explain how Z-scores can be used to compare data from different datasets.

