

## Weak Bases Quiz PDF

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#### In the reaction of a weak base with water, what is formed?

- Only  $\text{OH}^-$  ions
- Only  $\text{H}^+$  ions
- $\text{BH}^+$  and  $\text{OH}^-$  ions
- Only  $\text{BH}^+$  ions

#### In which scenarios would you find weak bases being used? (Select all that apply)

- Buffer solutions
- Strong acid neutralization
- Cleaning agents
- Biological systems

#### Which of the following are true about the pH calculation of weak bases? (Select all that apply)

- $\text{pH} = 14 - \text{pOH}$
- Requires  $K_b$  value
- Directly measured by pH meter
- Involves calculating pOH first

#### Which of the following are weak bases? (Select all that apply)

- Ammonia ( $\text{NH}_3$ )
- Sodium hydroxide ( $\text{NaOH}$ )
- Aniline ( $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NH}_2$ )
- Potassium hydroxide ( $\text{KOH}$ )

#### Which of the following statements about weak bases are true? (Select all that apply)

- They have a high  $K_b$  value.
- They establish an equilibrium in solution.

- They are fully ionized in water.
- They can act as buffers.

**What are the characteristics of weak bases? (Select all that apply)**

- High pH
- Partial ionization
- Strong electrolyte
- Forms a buffer with its salt

**What is the relationship between  $K_b$  and  $K_a$  for a conjugate acid-base pair?**

- $K_b = K_a$
- $K_b \times K_a = K_w$
- $K_b + K_a = 1$
- $K_b - K_a = 0$

**Which of the following best describes the pH of a solution containing a weak base?**

- Exactly 7
- Less than 7
- Greater than 7
- Exactly 14

**Which of the following weak bases is commonly used in pharmaceuticals?**

- Sodium bicarbonate
- Methylamine
- Potassium hydroxide
- Calcium carbonate

**What is a characteristic of a weak base?**

- Completely dissociates in water
- Partially dissociates in water
- Does not dissociate in water
- Forms a strong acid

**Which factor does NOT affect the strength of a weak base?**

- Temperature
- Concentration
- Pressure
- Common ion effect

**Which of the following is an example of a weak base?**

- Sodium hydroxide (NaOH)
- Ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>)
- Hydrochloric acid (HCl)
- Sulfuric acid (H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>)

**What does the equilibrium constant (K<sub>b</sub>) represent for a weak base?**

- The rate of reaction
- The extent of dissociation
- The color change in a reaction
- The temperature of the solution

**Outline the steps involved in calculating the pH of a solution containing a weak base.**

**How does the common ion effect influence the equilibrium of a weak base in solution?**

**Discuss the significance of the equilibrium constant (K<sub>b</sub>) in determining the strength of a weak base.**

**Provide an example of a weak base used in a biological system and explain its function.**

**Explain why weak bases do not completely dissociate in water.**

**Describe the role of weak bases in buffer solutions and how they help maintain pH stability.**

**What are the effects of the common ion on weak bases? (Select all that apply)**

- Shifts equilibrium position
- Increases ionization

- Decreases ionization
- Affects pH