

# Wave Properties Quiz Answer Key PDF

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#### Explain how waves transfer energy without transferring matter.

Waves transfer energy without transferring matter by causing particles in a medium to oscillate around their equilibrium positions, allowing energy to move through the medium while the particles themselves do not travel with the wave.

#### How does changing the amplitude of a wave affect its energy?

The energy of a wave is proportional to the square of its amplitude; thus, if the amplitude increases, the energy increases.

#### Which of the following is a mechanical wave?

- A. Light wave
- B. Radio wave
- C. Sound wave ✓
- D. X-ray

#### Discuss how refraction occurs and provide a real-world example.

Refraction occurs when light travels from one medium to another, such as from air to water, causing it to change speed and direction. A real-world example is when a straw in a glass of water looks bent at the surface due to this bending of light.

#### Describe the difference between transverse and longitudinal waves, providing an example of each.

Transverse waves move in a direction perpendicular to the wave's propagation, such as light waves, while longitudinal waves move in the same direction as the wave's propagation, such as sound waves.

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# What is the unit of frequency?

- A. Meters
- B. Seconds
- C. Hertz ✓
- D. Joules

### The energy of a wave is proportional to which of the following?

- A. Wavelength
- B. Frequency

### C. Amplitude squared $\checkmark$

D. Speed

### Phase is measured in which units?

- A. Meters
- B. Seconds
- C. Degrees or radians  $\checkmark$
- D. Hertz

# What is the formula for wave speed?

A.  $v = \lambda + f$  **B.**  $v = f \lambda \checkmark$ C.  $v = \lambda / f$ D.  $v = f - \lambda$ 

### Why is amplitude squared used to describe the energy of a wave?

Amplitude squared is used to describe the energy of a wave because energy is proportional to the square of the amplitude, reflecting the relationship between displacement and energy in wave mechanics.

# Which of the following are electromagnetic waves? (Select all that apply)

A. Sound waves

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# B. Light waves ✓

- C. Radio waves ✓
- D. Water waves

### Which of the following describe a transverse wave? (Select all that apply)

- A. Particles move parallel to wave direction
- B. Particles move perpendicular to wave direction  $\checkmark$
- C. Light waves are an example ✓
- D. Sound waves are an example

### Which property of sound waves determines the pitch?

- A. Amplitude
- B. Frequency ✓
- C. Wavelength
- D. Speed

# How do sound waves differ from light waves in terms of their propagation and medium requirements?

Sound waves differ from light waves in that sound requires a medium to travel through, whereas light can propagate through a vacuum.

# What factors affect the energy carried by a wave? (Select all that apply)

# A. Amplitude ✓

- B. Wavelength
- C. Frequency ✓
- D. Phase

# What happens to a wave during reflection?

- A. It speeds up
- B. It bends
- C. It bounces back ✓



D. It stops

# Which of the following are examples of mechanical waves? (Select all that apply)

- A. Sound waves ✓
- B. Water waves ✓
- C. Light waves
- D. Seismic waves  $\checkmark$

# What is a wave?

- A. A transfer of matter
- B. A disturbance that transfers energy  $\checkmark$
- C. A stationary phenomenon
- D. A solid object

# Which phenomena involve the bending of waves? (Select all that apply)

- A. Reflection
- B. Refraction ✓
- C. Diffraction ✓
- D. Interference

# Which of the following are true about wave speed? (Select all that apply)

- A. It is constant for all waves in a vacuum
- B. It depends on the medium for mechanical waves  $\checkmark$
- C. It is calculated as  $v = f \lambda \checkmark$
- D. It is independent of frequency