

## Unit 2 Practice Quiz AP Human Answer Key PDF

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**Which of the following factors can influence population distribution?**

- A. Climate ✓**
- B. Economic opportunities ✓**
- C. Political stability ✓**
- D. Language barriers

**What are some characteristics of the demographic transition model?**

- A. It includes stages of population growth and decline. ✓**
- B. It predicts future population trends based on current data.
- C. It accounts for migration patterns.
- D. It describes changes in birth and death rates over time. ✓**

**Which of the following are push factors in migration?**

- A. War and conflict ✓**
- B. High employment rates
- C. Natural disasters ✓**
- D. Political persecution ✓**

**What are potential impacts of migration on destination countries?**

- A. Cultural diversity ✓**
- B. Increased labor force ✓**
- C. Economic recession
- D. Strain on public services ✓**

**What is the primary focus of a population pyramid?**

- A. Economic growth
- B. Age and gender distribution ✓**
- C. Migration patterns
- D. Cultural diversity

**In which stage of the demographic transition model does a country experience high birth and death rates?**

- A. Stage 1 ✓**
- B. Stage 2
- C. Stage 3
- D. Stage 4

**Which of the following best describes a pull factor for migration?**

- A. Political instability
- B. Natural disasters
- C. Job opportunities ✓**
- D. High crime rates

**What is a key characteristic of forced migration?**

- A. Voluntary relocation for better opportunities
- B. Movement due to environmental changes
- C. Compulsion due to conflict or persecution ✓**
- D. Seasonal movement for agricultural work

**Explain how population density can affect urban planning and resource distribution. Provide examples to support your answer.**

**High population density can lead to increased demand for housing, transportation, and public services, necessitating efficient urban planning to accommodate growth. For example, cities like New York implement extensive public transit systems to manage the high density, while rural areas may prioritize road maintenance and agricultural land use.**

**Discuss the socio-economic impacts of migration on both the origin and destination countries. How do these impacts differ?**

In origin countries, migration often leads to a reduction in labor supply, which can increase wages for those who remain, while remittances sent back home can improve living standards and stimulate local economies. Conversely, destination countries may experience an influx of labor that can fill skill gaps and contribute to economic growth, but they may also face challenges such as strain on public services and social integration issues. Overall, the impacts differ in that origin countries may benefit from remittances and reduced unemployment, while destination countries may gain economic contributions but also face social challenges.

**Analyze the role of government policies in shaping migration patterns. What are some examples of policies that have significantly influenced migration?**

Government policies significantly shape migration patterns through regulations such as immigration laws, work visa programs, and asylum policies. For instance, the U.S. Immigration and Nationality Act of 1965 abolished national origin quotas, leading to increased immigration from Asia and Latin America, while the European Union's Schengen Agreement facilitates free movement among member states.

**Which of the following are components of population dynamics?**

- A. Birth rates ✓**
- B. Migration trends ✓**
- C. Cultural assimilation
- D. Death rates ✓**

**What are some consequences of high population density in urban areas?**

- A. Increased pollution ✓**
- B. Better healthcare facilities
- C. Traffic congestion ✓**
- D. Limited housing availability ✓**

**Which factors contribute to high fertility rates in certain regions?**

- A. Lack of access to education ✓**
- B. Cultural norms ✓**
- C. Economic prosperity
- D. Advanced healthcare systems

**What does a declining population pyramid typically indicate about a country's population?**

- A. High birth rates
- B. Aging population ✓**
- C. Rapid population growth
- D. Balanced age distribution

**Which stage of the demographic transition model is characterized by declining birth rates and low death rates?**

- A. Stage 1
- B. Stage 2
- C. Stage 3
- D. Stage 4 ✓**

**What is the main reason for voluntary migration?**

- A. Natural disasters
- B. Economic opportunities ✓**
- C. Political persecution
- D. War and conflict

**Describe the relationship between economic development and migration patterns. How does economic status influence migration decisions?**

**Economic status influences migration decisions by creating disparities in job availability, wages, and living conditions, prompting individuals to migrate from economically disadvantaged areas to more prosperous regions in search of better opportunities.**

**How do cultural factors influence migration decisions? Provide examples of how culture can act as both a push and pull factor.**

**Cultural factors can push individuals to migrate due to issues like religious persecution or lack of social acceptance, while they can pull individuals towards a new location through the promise of cultural diversity, better social integration, or the presence of a diaspora community.**

**Discuss the impact of globalization on migration trends. How has increased connectivity influenced population movements?**

**Increased connectivity due to globalization has led to higher migration rates as individuals seek opportunities in different countries, facilitated by advancements in communication and**

transportation.

**What are some effects of migration on the cultural landscape of a destination country?**

- A. Increased cultural diversity ✓**
- B. Homogenization of cultures
- C. Introduction of new languages ✓**
- D. Loss of traditional customs

**Which of the following are reasons for high mortality rates in certain regions?**

- A. Poor healthcare infrastructure ✓**
- B. Political stability
- C. High levels of education
- D. Prevalence of infectious diseases ✓**

**Which of the following best describes the concept of population distribution?**

- A. The total number of people in a country
- B. The spread of people across a given area ✓**
- C. The rate of population growth
- D. The average age of a population

**In which stage of the demographic transition model does a country experience rapid population growth due to declining death rates?**

- A. Stage 1
- B. Stage 2 ✓**
- C. Stage 3
- D. Stage 4