

Spanish Possessive Adjectives Quiz Questions and Answers PDF

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Explain the difference between "tu" and "su" in terms of formality and usage.

The difference between "tu" and "su" lies in their level of formality; "tu" is used in casual contexts, whereas "su" is employed in formal situations or when addressing someone with whom one does not have a close relationship.

What is the correct possessIVE adjective for "their teacher" in Spanish?

- su ✓
- mi
- nuestro
- tu

In Spanish, the correct possessIVE adjective for "their teacher" is "su". This is used to indicate possession for third-person plural subjects.

Which possessIVE adjective would you use for "your (formal) office" in Spanish?

- su ✓
- tu
- vuestro
- nuestro

In Spanish, the possessive adjective for "your (formal) office" is "su". This is used to indicate possession in a formal context.

Identify the possessive adjectives that can mean "their" in Spanish.

- su ✓
- sus ✓
- suyo
- suyos

In Spanish, the possessive adjectives that can mean 'their' are 'su' and 'sus'. These terms are used to indicate possession by multiple people or entities.

Which possessive adjectives are used for "your (plural, informal)" in Spain?

- vuestro ✓
- vuestra ✓
- vuestros ✓
- vuestras ✓

In Spain, the possessive adjectives used for "your (plural, informal)" are "vuestro" for masculine nouns and "vuestra" for feminine nouns.

In Spain, which possessive adjective would you use for "your (plural) books"?

- sus
- tus
- vuestros ✓
- nuestros

In Spanish, the possessive adjective used for "your (plural) books" is "vuestros libros." This form is used when addressing multiple people informally.

Select the possessive adjectives that agree with "books" in Spanish.

- mis ✓
- tus ✓
- sus ✓
- nuestros ✓

In Spanish, the possessive adjectives that agree with "books" (libros) are "mis" (my), "sus" (his/her/their), "nuestras" (our, feminine plural), and "vuestras" (your, plural). These adjectives must match the plural and masculine form of the noun.

What is the plural possessive adjective for "my" in Spanish?

- mi
- mis ✓**
- su
- nuestro

In Spanish, the plural possessive adjective for 'my' is 'mis'. This form is used to indicate possession for multiple items or people that belong to the speaker.

What is the correct possessive adjective for "our dog" in Spanish?

- mi
- su
- nuestro ✓**
- tu

In Spanish, the correct possessive adjective for "our dog" is "Nuestro". This term is used to indicate possession by the speaker and their group.

Describe how possessive adjectives must agree with the nouns they modify in Spanish.

Possessive adjectives in Spanish must match the gender (masculine or feminine) and number (singular or plural) of the nouns they describe.

Create a sentence using "nuestros" and explain why this possessive adjective was chosen.

■ "Nuestros amigos son muy divertidos." ("Our friends are very fun.")

Which possessIVE adjective would you use for "his car" in Spanish?

- su ✓
- mi
- tu
- nuestro

■ In Spanish, the possessIVE adjective for "his car" is "su." This is used to indicate possession for third-person singular subjects.

What is the singular possessIVE adjective for "my" in Spanish?

- su
- mi ✓
- tu
- nuestro

■ In Spanish, the singular possessIVE adjective for 'my' is 'mi'. This word is used to indicate ownership or relation to the speaker.

Select the correct possessIVE adjectives for "your (informal)" in Spanish.

- tu ✓
- tus ✓
- su
- sus

■ In Spanish, the correct possessIVE adjective for "your (informal)" is "tu" when referring to singular nouns and "vuestro" or "vuestra" when referring to plural nouns in Spain.

Provide examples of sentences using "mi" and "mis" and explain the difference in their usage.

Examples: "mi perro" (my dog) and "mis gatos" (my cats). "Mi" is used for singular nouns, while "mis" is used for plural nouns.

Which possessive adjectives can be used for "our" in Spanish?

- nuestro ✓
- nuestra ✓
- nuestros ✓
- nuestras ✓

In Spanish, the possessive adjective for "our" is "Nuestro" for masculine singular nouns, "Nuestra" for feminine singular nouns, "Nuestros" for masculine plural nouns, and "Nuestras" for feminine plural nouns.

Why is it important to use the correct possessive adjective in terms of formality in Spanish? Provide examples.

It is important to use the correct possessive adjective in terms of formality in Spanish to convey respect and social hierarchy; for instance, 'su' is used in formal situations while 'tu' is used informally.

Which possessive adjective is used for "your (informal) house" in Spanish?

- tu ✓

- su
- tus
- sus

In Spanish, the possessive adjective used for "your (informal) house" is "tu." This form is used to indicate possession in a familiar context.

List and explain the regional differences in using possessive adjectives in Spain versus Latin America.

In Spain, it is common to say "la tuya" (the yours) or "el mío" (the mine) with definite articles, whereas in Latin America, it is more common to simply say "tuyo" (yours) or "mío" (mine) without the article. Furthermore, the choice between 'tu' and 'usted' can affect the possessive adjective used, with 'tu' being informal and 'usted' being formal.

Which of the following are correct possessive adjectives for "my"?

- mi ✓
- mis ✓
- mio
- mios

The correct possessive adjectives for 'my' are 'mine' and 'myself', as they indicate ownership or association with the speaker. Other forms like 'your' or 'his' do not qualify as they refer to different subjects.