

Spanish Empire Quiz Answer Key PDF

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Which event marked the beginning of the Spanish Empire's overseas expansion?

- A. The Battle of Lepanto
- C. Columbus's voyage in 1492 ✓**
- D. The defeat of the Spanish Armada
- C. The marriage of Ferdinand and Isabella

Which territory was NOT part of the Spanish Empire at its height?

- A. Philippines
- C. Mexico
- D. Peru
- C. Brazil ✓**

What was the primary religion spread by the Spanish Empire in its colonies?

- A. Protestantism
- C. Catholicism ✓**
- D. Hinduism
- C. Islam

Which system was initially used by the Spanish to organize labor in their colonies?

- A. Repartimiento
- C. Encoienda ✓**
- D. Hacienda
- C. mita

Which event is considered a turning point in the decline of Spanish naval dominance?

- A. The Battle of Lepanto
- C. The Treaty of Tordesillas
- D. The War of Spanish Succession
- C. The defeat of the Spanish Armada ✓**

Which conquistador is known for the conquest of the Aztec Empire?

- A. Francisco Pizarro
- C. Ferdinand Magellan
- D. Vasco Núñez de Balboa
- C. Hernán Cortés ✓**

Which crops were introduced to Europe from the Americas through the Columbian Exchange? (Select all that apply)

- A. Potatoes ✓**
- C. Tomatoes ✓**
- D. Rice
- C. Wheat

Which European countries did Spain engage in significant conflicts with during its empire? (Select all that apply)

- A. England ✓**
- C. Portugal
- D. The Netherlands ✓**
- C. France ✓**

What were some reasons for the decline of the Spanish Empire? (Select all that apply)

- A. Economic inflation ✓**
- C. Strong alliances
- D. Loss of colonies ✓**
- C. Military overextension ✓**

How did the influx of silver from the Americas affect the Spanish economy and European markets?

The influx of silver from the Americas caused inflation in Spain, weakened its economy, and stimulated trade in European markets.

Discuss the impact of the Spanish Empire on indigenous populations in the Americas.

The impact of the Spanish Empire on indigenous populations in the Americas included dramatic population declines due to introduced diseases, violent conquests, and forced labor systems, alongside cultural changes imposed through colonization and missionary efforts.

Describe the role of the Manila Galleons in the Spanish Empire's global trade network.

The Manila Galleons operated from 1565 to 1815, transporting silver from Mexico to the Philippines in exchange for Asian goods like silk and spices, thus linking the economies of the Americas and Asia and enhancing Spain's global trade dominance.

Which of the following were key figures in the Spanish Empire's expansion? (Select all that apply)

- A. Hernán Cortés ✓**
- C. Ferdinand Magellan ✓**
- D. Vasco da Gama
- C. Francisco Pizarro ✓**

Analyze the reasons behind the independence movements in Latin America during the early 19th century.

The key reasons behind the independence movements included the desire for self-governments, the impact of Enlightenment thought, social stratification, economic grievances against colonial rule, and the inspiration from other revolutions.

Who was the Spanish monarch during the defeat of the Spanish Armada in 1588?

- A. Charles V
- C. Ferdinand II
- D. Isabella I
- C. Philip II ✓**

What were some impacts of the Spanish Empire on its colonies? (Select all that apply)

- A. Spread of Catholicism ✓
- C. Introduction of European legal systems ✓
- D. Cultural syncretism ✓
- C. Establishment of democratic governments

Reflect on the cultural legacy of the Spanish Empire in modern-day Latin America.

The Spanish Empire's cultural legacy in Latin America includes the dominance of the Spanish language, the establishment of Catholicism as a major religion, and the blending of Spanish and indigenous traditions in art, music, and cuisine.

Which of the following were part of the Spanish Empire's territories in the Americas? (Select all that apply)

- A. Argentina ✓
- C. Chile ✓
- D. Cuba ✓
- C. Canada

What was the primary economic resource extracted from the Spanish colonies in the Americas?

- A. Gold
- C. Silver ✓
- D. Cotton
- C. Spices

Explain the significance of the Treaty of Tordesillas in the context of the Spanish Empire.

The Treaty of Tordesillas, signed in 1494, was an agreement between Spain and Portugal that divided the newly discovered lands outside Europe, granting Spain the rights to most of the Americas and allowing for the expansion of the Spanish Empire.