

Reaction Rates Quiz Answer Key PDF

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Which of the following are true about the rate law? (Select all that apply)

- A. It relates reaction rate to reactant concentrations ✓
- B. It includes the activation energy
- C. It is determined experimentally ✓
- D. It indicates the reaction mechanism

Discuss how surface area influences the rate of a reaction, providing an example.

Surface area influences the rate of a reaction by increasing the number of collisions between reactant particles. For instance, powdered calcium carbonate reacts with hydrochloric acid faster than large pieces of calcium carbonate due to its greater surface area.

How does the collision theory explain the effect of concentration on reaction rates?

According to collision theory, increasing the concentration of reactants increases the number of particles in a given volume, leading to more frequent collisions and thus a higher reaction rate.

Describe the role of a catalyst in a chemical reaction and how it affects the activation energy.

A catalyst lowers the activation energy of a chemical reaction, enabling the reaction to proceed faster without being consumed in the process.

Explain how temperature affects the rate of a chemical reaction.

As temperature rises, the rate of a chemical reaction generally increases due to the increased kinetic energy of the reactant molecules, resulting in more frequent and effective collisions.

What is the significance of the reaction order in a rate law, and how is it determined?



The significance of the reaction order in a rate law is that it provides insight into the relationship between reactant concentrations and the rate of the reaction, and it is determined through experimental data by observing how the rate changes with varying concentrations of reactants.

Which factor generally increases the reaction rate by providing more area for collisions?

- A. Temperature
- B. Surface Area ✓
- C. Concentration
- D. Pressure

What are characteristics of a zero-order reaction? (Select all that apply)

- A. Rate is constant ✓
- B. Rate is independent of concentration ✓
- C. Rate decreases over time
- D. Rate is proportional to concentration

Describe an experiment that could be used to measure the rate of a reaction involving a gas.

An experiment to measure the rate of a reaction involving a gas could involve mixing reactants in a closed container and using a gas syringe to collect the gas produced. By recording the volume of gas collected at regular time intervals, the rate of the reaction can be determined.

Which of the following factors can increase the rate of a chemical reaction? (Select all that apply)

- A. Increasing concentration ✓
- B. Decreasing temperature
- C. Adding a catalyst ✓
- D. Increasing surface area ✓

What role does a catalyst play in a chemical reaction?

- A. Increases the concentration of reactants
- B. Lowers the activation energy ✓
- C. Increases the temperature



D. Changes the nature of reactants

What is the term for the minimum energy required for a reaction to occur?

- A. Reaction rate
- B. Activation energy ✓
- C. Catalyst energy
- D. Potential energy

What is the effect of increasing temperature on reaction rate?

- A. Decreases the reaction rate
- B. Has no effect
- C. Increases the reaction rate ✓
- D. Changes the reaction order

Which unit is commonly used to express reaction rates?

- A. Grams per liter
- B. Moles per second
- C. Molarity per second ✓
- D. Liters per mole

What are some methods to measure reaction rates? (Select all that apply)

- A. Monitoring changes in mass ✓
- B. Observin color change ✓
- C. Measuring volume of gas produced ✓
- D. Counting number of collisions

Which theory explains that particles must collide with sufficient energy and proper orientation for a reaction to occur?

- A. Transition state theory
- B. Collision theory ✓
- C. Quantum theory



D. Kinetic theory

Which statements about catalysts are true? (Select all that apply)

- A. Catalysts are consumed in the reaction
- B. Catalysts lower the activation energy ✓
- C. Catalysts can be reused ✓
- D. Catalysts increase the reaction rate ✓

In a first-order reaction, what is the relationship between concentration and rate?

- A. Rate is independent of concentration
- B. Rate is directly proportional to concentration ✓
- C. Rate is inversely proportional to concentration
- D. Rate is proportional to the square of concentration

What is the definition of reaction rate?

- A. The time it takes for a reaction to start
- B. The speed at which reactants are converted into products \checkmark
- C. The amount of energy required to start a reaction
- D. The concentration of reactants in a solution

Which factors affect the reaction rate of gases? (Select all that apply)

- A. Pressure ✓
- B. Surface area
- C. Concentration ✓
- D. Nature of reactants ✓