

Muscles Of The Forearm Quiz Answer Key PDF

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Which muscle is not part of the superficial flexor group of the forearm?

- A. Flexor carpi ulnaris
- B. Palmaris longus
- C. Flexor digitorum profundus ✓
- D. Flexor carpi radialis

Which nerve primarily innervates the extensor muscles of the forearm?

- A. Ulnar nerve
- B. Median nerve
- C. Radical nerve ✓
- D. Musculocutaneous nerve

Which artery primarily supplies blood to the flexor muscles of the forearm?

A. Radical artery

B. Ulnar artery ✓

- C. Brachail artery
- D. Axillary artery

Which of the following muscles are part of the deep flexor group of the forearm? (Select all that apply)

- A. Flexor digitorum profundus ✓
- B. Flexor pollicis longus ✓
- C. Palmaris longus
- D. Pronator quadratus ✓



Which muscle is primarily involved in the condition known as 'tennis elbow'?

- A. Flexor carpi radialis
- B. Extensor carpi radialis brevis ✓
- C. Palmaris longus
- D. Flexor digitorum superficialis

Explain how the pronator teres muscle contributes to forearm movement.

- A. Assists in supination
- B. Helps in pronation ✓
- C. Extends the elbow
- D. Adducts the wrist

Identify the origin and insertion points of the flexor carpi ulnaris muscle.

- A. Originates from the lateral epicondyle
- B. Inserts into the pisiform \checkmark
- C. Originates from the medial epicondyle \checkmark
- D. Inserts into the second metacarpal

Which muscles are involved in wrist extension? (Select all that apply)

- A. Extensor carpi radialis longus √
- B. Flexor carpi ulnaris
- C. Extensor carpi ulnaris ✓
- D. Extensor digitorum ✓

Describe the primary function of the flexor digitorum superficialis muscle.

A. Flexes the wrist \checkmark

- B. Extends the fingers
- C. Adducts the thumb
- D. Pronates the forearm

Which muscles are innervated by the median nerve? (Select all that apply)



A. Flexor carpi radialis ✓

- B. Flexor carpi ulnaris
- C. Pronator teres ✓
- D. Flexor digitorum superficialis ✓

What is the primary action of the extensor carpi ulnaris?

- A. Flexation of the wrist
- B. Extension and adduction of the wrist \checkmark
- C. Pronation of the forearm
- D. Supination of the forearm

Explain the role of the radial nerve in the forearm and what happens if it is injured.

- A. Innervates flexor muscles
- B. Facilitates wrist extension ✓
- C. Causes wrist drop ✓
- D. Affects grip strength

Which muscles are located in the superficial extensor group of the forearm? (Select all that apply)

- A. Extensor carpi radialis brevis ✓
- B. Extensor digitorum ✓
- C. Extensor pollicis longus
- D. Extensor carpi ulnaris ✓

The flexor digitorum profundus is innervated by which two nerves?

- A. Ulnar and radial nerves
- B. Median and ulnar nerves ✓
- C. Radical and median nerves
- D. Musculocutaneous and ulnar nerves

Which muscles contribute to the supination of the forearm? (Select all that apply)

A. Supinator ✓

B. Pronator teres

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C. Biceps brachii ✓

D. Extensor carpi radialis brevis

Which of the following conditions are associated with forearm muscle injuries? (Select all that apply)

- A. Carpal Tunnel Syndrome ✓
- B. Tennis Elbow ✓
- C. Golfer's Elbow ✓
- D. Rotator Cuff Tear

Which muscle is primarily responsible for flexinging the wrist?

- A. Extensor carpi radialis longus
- B. Flexor carpi radialis ✓
- C. Extensor digitorum
- D. Brachioradialis

Which muscle assists in pronation of the forearm?

- A. Supinator
- B. Pronator teres ✓
- C. Brachioradialis
- D. Extensor indicis

Describe the clinical significance of the carpal tunnel and the muscles involved in carpal tunnel syndrome.

- A. Affects the ulnar nerve
- B. Involves the median nerve \checkmark
- C. Causes wrist pain ✓
- D. Affects the radial nerve

Discuss the anatomical differences between the superficial and deep flexor muscles of the forearm.

A. Superficical flexor muscles are deeper

B. Deep flexor muscles are beneath the superficial layer \checkmark

C. Superficical flexor muscles are more powerful

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D. Deep flexor muscles are less important

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