

## Indefinite Integrals Quiz Answer Key PDF

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**Which technique is used when an integral contains a function and its derivative?**

- A. Integration by Parts
- B. Substitution ✓**
- C. Partial Fraction Decomposition
- D. Numerical Integration

**What is the integral of  $je^x dx$ ?**

- A.  $e^x + C$  ✓**
- B.  $xe^x + C$
- C.  $\ln|x| + C$
- D.  $1/x + C$

**What is the integral of  $fdx$ ?**

- A.  $x + C$  ✓**
- B.  $1 + C$
- C.  $0 + C$
- D.  $C$

**Which rule is used for integrating  $x^n$  where  $n \neq -1$ ?**

- A. Product Rule
- B. Chain Rule
- C. Power Rule ✓**
- D. Quotient Rule

**What is the general form of an indefinite integral?**

A.  $\int f(x)dx = F(x) + C$  ✓

B.  $\int f(x)dx = F(x)$

C.  $\int f(x)dx = F'(x) + C$

D.  $\int f(x)dx = F'(x)$

What is the integral of  $\int \cos(x) dx$ ?

A.  $\sin(x) + C$  ✓

B.  $-\sin(x) + C$

C.  $\cos(x) + C$

D.  $-\cos(x) + C$

Which of the following is NOT a technique of integration?

A. Substitution

B. Integration by Parts

C. Differentiation ✓

D. Partial Fraction Decomposition

How can substitution simplify the integration process? Provide an example.

Substitution simplifies integration by transforming a complex integral into a simpler one by changing variables. For example, for  $\int (2x+1)^5 dx$ , let  $u = 2x+1$ , then  $du = 2 dx$ , or  $dx = du/2$ . The integral becomes  $(1/2)\int u^5 du$ , which is easier to solve.

Discuss the physical interpretation of an indefinite integral in terms of displacement and velocity.

The indefinite integral of a velocity function with respect to time gives the displacement function. It represents the total change in position over time, accounting for all possible initial positions (hence the constant of integration).

What are the steps involved in using partial fraction decomposition to solve an integral?

To use partial fraction decomposition, first express the integrand as a sum of simpler fractions. Then, integrate each fraction separately. This involves factoring the denominator and finding constants that satisfy the original equation when the fractions are combined.

Provide an example of a real-world problem that can be solved using indefinite integrals and explain the solution process.

A real-world problem could be finding the position of an object given its velocity function  $v(t) = 3t^2$ . The position function  $s(t)$  is the indefinite integral of  $v(t)$ , so  $s(t) = \int 3t^2 dt = t^3 + C$ . The constant  $C$  is determined by initial conditions, such as the initial position of the object.

Explain why the constant of integration is important in indefinite integrals.

The constant of integration is important because it represents the family of all possible antiderivatives. Without it, the solution is incomplete as it does not account for all functions that could differentiate to the given integrand.

Which of the following integrals require substitution for simplification? (Select all that apply)

- A.  $\int (2x+1)^5 dx$  ✓
- B.  $\int \sin(x)\cos(x) dx$  ✓
- C.  $\int e^{2x} dx$  ✓
- D.  $\int 1/x dx$

Which techniques can be used to solve  $\int x e^x dx$ ? (Select all that apply)

- A. Substitution
- B. Integration by Parts ✓
- C. Partial Fraction Decomposition
- D. Numerical Integration

What are common mistakes when calculating indefinite integrals? (Select all that apply)

- A. Omitting the constant of integration ✓
- B. Incorrect application of substitution ✓
- C. Using the wrong variable of integration ✓
- D. Applying the chain rule

Which of the following integrals can be solved using partial fraction decomposition? (Select all that apply)

- A.  $\int (1/(x^2 - 1)) dx$  ✓

- B.  $\int (1/(x^2 + 1)) dx$
- C.  $\int (1/(x^3 - x)) dx$  ✓**
- D.  $\int (1/(x + 1)) dx$

**Which of the following are properties of indefinite integrals? (Select all that apply)**

- A. Linearity ✓**
- B. Constant of Integration ✓**
- C. Power Rule ✓**
- D. Quotient Rule

**What are the applications of indefinite integrals? (Select all that apply)**

- A. Solving differential equations ✓**
- B. Calculating definite areas
- C. Finding displacement from velocity ✓**
- D. Determining acceleration from velocity

**Describe the process of integration by parts and provide an example.**

**To perform integration by parts, choose  $u$  and  $dv$  from the integrand, differentiate  $u$  to find  $du$ , and integrate  $dv$  to find  $v$ . Then apply the formula:  $\int u dv = uv - \int v du$ . For example, to integrate  $\int x e^x dx$ , let  $u = x$  (thus  $du = dx$ ) and  $dv = e^x dx$  (thus  $v = e^x$ ). Applying the formula gives:  $\int x e^x dx = x e^x - \int e^x dx = x e^x - e^x + C$ .**

**Which of the following represents the constant of integration?**

- A.  $x$
- B.  $F(x)$
- C.  $C$  ✓**
- D.  $dx$