

## Inca Empire Quiz Answer Key PDF

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**What was the capital of the Inca Empire?**

- A. Lima
- B. Quito
- C. Cusco ✓**
- D. La Paz

**Discuss the role of religion in the daily life of the Inca people.**

**The Inca people integrated religion into their daily lives through rituals, ceremonies, and offerings to their gods, particularly Inti, the sun god, which guided their agricultural cycles and societal organization.**

**Which modern countries were part of the Inca Empire? (Select all that apply)**

- A. Peru ✓**
- B. Venezuela
- C. Bolivia ✓**
- D. Ecuador ✓**

**Which Spanish conquistador led the conquest of the Inca Empire?**

- A. Hernán Cortés
- B. Francisco Pizarro ✓**
- C. Pedro de Alvarado
- D. Diego de Almagro

**What was the title given to the emperor of the Inca Empire?**

- A. Pharaoh

- B. Khan
- C. Sapa Inca ✓**
- D. Raja

**Who was the most important deity in Inca religion?**

- A. Viracocha
- B. Inti ✓**
- C. Pachamama
- D. Supay

**Which agricultural techniques were used by the Incas? (Select all that apply)**

- A. Terrace farming ✓**
- B. Irrigation systems ✓**
- C. Greenhouses
- D. Slash-and-burn

**Which of the following was a major Inca city?**

- A. Tikal
- B. Machu Picchu ✓**
- C. Chichen Itza
- D. Teotihuacan

**Which of the following regions were part of the Inca Empire? (Select all that apply)**

- A. Argentina ✓**
- B. Mexico
- C. Chile ✓**
- D. Colombia ✓**

**What was the primary method of agriculture used by the Incas?**

- A. Slash-and-burn
- B. Terrace farming ✓**
- C. Hydroponics

D. Crop rotation

**Which modern-day country was not part of the Inca Empire?**

- A. Brazil ✓**
- B. Peru
- C. Ecuador
- D. Bolivia

**In what ways does the legacy of the Inca Empire still influence modern Andean societies?**

**The influence of the Inca Empire is evident in modern Andean societies through the preservation of Quechua language, traditional agricultural methods like terracing, and communal land management practices.**

**What were the primary reasons for the rapid expansion of the Inca Empire under Pachacuti?**

**The primary reasons for the rapid expansion of the Inca Empire under Pachacuti included military conquests, the establishment of strategic alliances, and the implementation of effective administrative reforms.**

**What were some of the key achievements of the Inca Empire? (Select all that apply)**

- A. Development of a complex road system ✓**
- B. Invention of the wheel
- C. Advanced stone construction techniques ✓**
- D. Creation of a written language

**Which factors contributed to the decline of the Inca Empire? (Select all that apply)**

- A. Internal strife ✓**
- B. European diseases ✓**
- C. Discovery of gold
- D. Superior Spanish weaponry ✓**

**What were the administrative divisions of the Inca Empire called? (Select all that apply)**

- A. Provinces
- B. Suyus ✓**
- C. Departments
- D. Kingdoms

**Which language was officially used in the Inca Empire?**

- A. Aymara
- B. Spanish
- C. Quechua ✓**
- D. Nahuatl

**Describe the social structure of the Inca Empire.**

The social structure of the Inca Empire was organized into a strict hierarchy: at the top was the Sapa Inca (the emperor), followed by nobles (the Inca elite), priests, and then the common people (the ayllu), who were organized into clans and worked the land.

**Explain the significance of Machu Picchu in Inca culture and history.**

Inca culture revered Machu Picchu as a sacred site, believed to be a royal retreat for Emperor Pachacuti, and it served as a center for worship, agriculture, and astronomy, reflecting the Inca's sophisticated understanding of their environment and spirituality.

**How did the Inca Empire manage to control such a vast territory?**

The Inca Empire managed to control such a vast territory by developing a sophisticated network of roads, utilizing a system of messengers for communication, and implementing a centralized governance that incorporated local leaders.