

Great Migration Quiz Questions and Answers PDF

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Discuss the economic challenges African Americans faced in Northern cities during the Great Migration.

African Americans encountered economic challenges such as systemic racism in hiring practices, competition for jobs with white workers, and inadequate access to education and training, leading to persistent poverty and economic instability.

What were the long-term effects of the Great Migration on American society?

The long-term effects of the Great Migration on American society included increased urbanization, the emergence of vibrant cultural movements, and a strengthened push for civil rights.

What were some of the challenges faced by African Americans during the Great Migration?

- Racial tensions ✓**
- Discriminatory housing practices ✓**
- Lack of industrial jobs

- Language barriers

During the Great Migration, African Americans faced numerous challenges including racial discrimination, economic hardship, and inadequate housing in northern cities.

What was a primary push factor for the Great Migration?

- Better education opportunities
- Racial segregation laws ✓
- Climate change
- Technological advancements

A primary push factor for the Great Migration was the widespread racial discrimination and violence faced by African Americans in the South, which drove many to seek better opportunities in the North.

Analyze the impact of discriminatory housing practices on African American communities during the Great Migration.

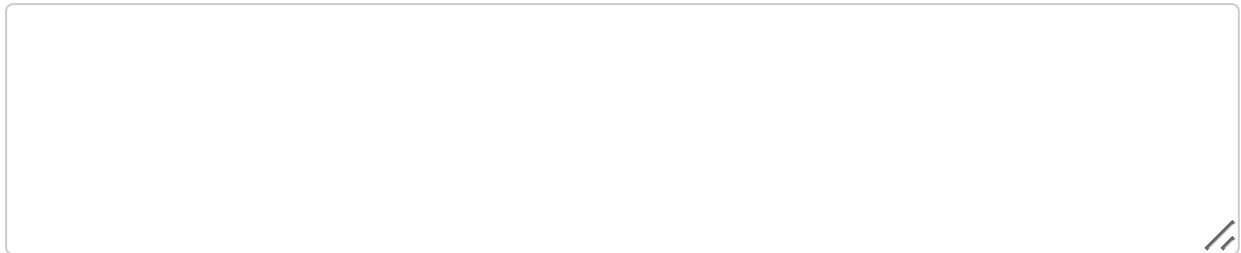
The impact of discriminatory housing practices on African American communities during the Great Migration included the establishment of racially segregated neighborhoods, limited access to home ownership, and the creation of systemic barriers that hinder economic mobility.

Which factors contributed to the Great Migration?

- Racial violence in the South ✓
- Economic opportunities in the North ✓
- Climate change
- World War I labor shortages ✓

The Great Migration was primarily driven by factors such as economic opportunities in the North, racial discrimination and violence in the South, and the desire for a better quality of life.

Explain how World War I contributed to the Great Migration.



World War I contributed to the Great Migration by increasing demand for industrial labor in the North, which attracted many African Americans from the South seeking employment and escaping racial discrimination.

Which of the following was a pull factor for African Americans during the Great Migration?

- Job opportunities in industrial cities ✓**
- Agricultural expansion
- Gold mining prospects
- Free land offers

A significant pull factor for African Americans during the Great Migration was the availability of jobs in northern industrial cities, which offered better economic opportunities compared to the South.

What legislation was influenced by the demographic changes of the Great Migration?

- The Homestead Act
- The Civil Rights Act ✓**
- The Affordable Care Act
- The Patriot Act

The Great Migration significantly influenced the passage of the Voting Rights Act of 1965, as it highlighted the need for civil rights protections for African Americans in the North and South.

Which of the following were push factors for the Great Migration?

- Jim Crow laws ✓**
- Sharecropping ✓**
- Warm climate
- Educational opportunities

The Great Migration was primarily driven by push factors such as racial discrimination, economic hardship, and violence in the South, which compelled many African Americans to seek better opportunities in the North.

How did the Great Migration influence the Civil Rights Movement?

- Increased political influence in Northern cities ✓
- Strengthened community organizations ✓
- Decreased racial tensions
- Led to the establishment of new laws ✓

The Great Migration significantly increased the African American population in northern cities, leading to greater political power and the formation of vibrant communities that became crucial in organizing and advocating for civil rights.

Which cultural movement was influenced by the Great Migration?

- The Renaissance
- The Harlem Renaissance ✓
- The Industrial Revolution
- The Enlightenment

The Great Migration significantly influenced the Harlem Renaissance, a cultural movement that celebrated African American art, literature, and music during the early 20th century.

Which city was a major destination for African Americans during the Great Migration?

- Miami
- Seattle
- Chicago ✓
- Dallas

During the Great Migration, cities like Chicago became major destinations for African Americans seeking better economic opportunities and escaping racial discrimination in the South.

What is the Great Migration?

- The movement of African Americans from the South to the North ✓
- The migration of Europeans to America
- The relocation of Native Americans to reservations
- The westward expansion of settlers

The Great Migration refers to the mass movement of African Americans from the rural South to urban areas in the North and West, primarily during the early to mid-20th century. This migration was driven by the search for better economic opportunities and escape from racial segregation and violence in the South.

How did the Great Migration alter the political landscape in the United States?

The Great Migration altered the political landscape by enabling African Americans to gain political power and representation in northern states, which contributed to the civil rights movement and changes in voting patterns.

What were some of the impacts of the Great Migration on Northern cities?

- Increased cultural diversity ✓
- Decreased population density
- Growth of urban Black communities ✓
- Decline in industrial output

The Great Migration significantly transformed Northern cities by increasing the African American population, leading to cultural enrichment and economic growth, but also resulting in racial tensions and competition for jobs and housing.

Which of the following were major cities that African Americans moved to during the Great Migration?

- New York City ✓
- Los Angeles ✓
- Houston
- Detroit ✓

During the Great Migration, many African Americans moved to major cities such as Chicago, Detroit, New York City, and Philadelphia in search of better economic opportunities and to escape racial discrimination in the South.

During which years did the first wave of the Great Migration occur?

- 1900-1920
- 1916-1940 ✓
- 1941-1970
- 1950-1975

The first wave of the Great Migration occurred from approximately 1916 to 1970, during which millions of African Americans moved from the rural South to urban areas in the North and West in search of better opportunities.

What economic event affected migration patterns during the Great Migration?

- The Great Depression ✓
- The Dot-com Bubble
- The Oil Crisis
- The Gold Rush

The Great Migration was significantly influenced by the economic opportunities created by World War I and the subsequent industrial boom in northern cities, which attracted many African Americans from the rural South seeking better jobs and living conditions.

Describe the role of the Harlem Renaissance in the context of the Great Migration.

The Harlem Renaissance played a crucial role in the context of the Great Migration by serving as a cultural expression of the African American experience in urban settings, highlighting themes of racial pride, social justice, and artistic innovation.