

European Capitals Quiz Answer Key PDF

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How do historical events influence the prominence of certain European capitals today?

Historical events, such as wars and treaties, shape the political and economic roles of capitals. For instance, London remains a financial center due to its historical role in the British Empire.

Discuss the role of Brussels as a political hub in Europe.

Brussels is the de facto capital of the European Union, hosting major EU institutions like the European Commission and the European Parliament, making it central to European politics.

Explain the importance of geography in determining the location of European capitals.

Geography influences capitals' locations for strategic, economic, and logistical reasons. For example, many capitals are located on rivers, facilitating trade and transport.

What is the capital of France?

- A. Rome
- B. Paris ✓
- C. Berlin
- D. Madrid

What is the capital of Italy?

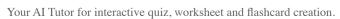
- A. Athens
- B. Lisbon
- C. Rome ✓
- D. Oslo



| D. Warsaw | |
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| | |
| Which of the following is the capital of Spain? | |
| A. Madrid ✓ | |
| B. Barcelona | |
| C. Seville | |
| D. Valencia | |
| What is the capital of Greece? | |
| A. Sofia | |
| B. Athens ✓ | |
| C. Bucharest | |
| D. Zagreb | |
| What is the capital of Belgium? | |
| A. Amsterdam | |
| B. Brussels ✓ | |
| C. Luxenburg | |
| D. Copenhagen | |
| Which city is the capital of Portugal? | |
| A. Porto | |
| B. Lisbon ✓ | |
| C. Faro | |
| D. Braga | |
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| Which of the following are capitals of Scandinavian countries? (Select all that apply) | |

Which city is the capital of Germany?

A. ViennaB. Berlin ✓C. Brussels





| A. Stockholm v |
|---|
| B. Helsinki ✓ |
| C. Oslo ✓ |
| D. Reykjavik ✓ |
| |
| |
| Which city serves as the capital of the Netherlands? |
| A. Rotterdam |
| B. Amsterdam ✓ |
| C. The Hague |
| D. Utrecht |
| |
| Which of the following capitals are located in the Balkans? (Select all that apply) |
| A. Belgrade ✓ |
| B. Sofia ✓ |
| C. Zagreb ✓ |
| D. Budapest |
| |
| Which of these cities are capitals of countries that are not in the European Union? (Select all that apply) |
| A. Bern ✓ |
| B. Oslo ✓ |
| C. Reykjavik ✓ |
| D. Dublin |
| |
| Which capitals are known for being major financial centers in Europe? (Select all that apply) |
| A. London ✓ |
| B. Frankfurt ✓ |
| C. Zurich ✓ |
| D. Prague |
| |
| Explain why some European capitals have changed over time and provide an example. |



Capitals can change due to political shifts, such as the dissolution of countries or the establishment of new governments. For example, the capital of Germany moved from Bonn to Berlin after reunification.

Describe the cultural significance of Paris as a European capital.

Paris is renowned for its art, fashion, gastronomy, and culture. It is home to iconic landmarks like the Eiffel Tower and the Louvre Museum, making it a global cultural hub.

How do European capitals contribute to the identity and economy of their respective countries? Provide examples.

Capitals often embody national identity and drive economic growth. For instance, Rome is central to Italy's cultural heritage, while Berlin is key to Germany's economy and innovation.

Which cities are capitals of countries that are members of the European Union? (Select all that apply)

- A. Vienna ✓
- B. Bern
- C. Warsaw ✓
- D. Oslo

Which capitals are located in the Baltic States? (Select all that apply)

- A. Tallinn ✓
- B. Riga ✓
- C. Vilnius √
- D. Helsinki