

Constitution Quiz Questions and Answers PDF

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Which amendment abolished slavery in the United States?

- 13th Amendment ✓**
- 14th Amendment
- 15th Amendment
- 19th Amendment

The 13th Amendment to the United States Constitution abolished slavery and involuntary servitude, except as punishment for a crime. Ratified on December 6, 1865, it marked a significant turning point in American history.

Which article of the U.S. Constitution establishes the legislative branch?

- Article I ✓**
- Article II
- Article III
- Article IV

The legislative branch of the U.S. government is established by Article I of the Constitution, which outlines the structure and powers of Congress.

What is the main purpose of the Preamble of the Constitution?

- To outline the rights of citizens
- To introduce the Constitution and state its purpose ✓**
- To list the amendments
- To establish the Supreme Court

The Preamble of the Constitution serves as an introduction that outlines the fundamental purposes and guiding principles of the document, emphasizing the goals of justice, liberty, and the promotion of the general welfare.

Which articles of the Constitution detail the three branches of government? (Select all that apply)

- Article I ✓
- Article II ✓
- Article III ✓
- Article IV

The three branches of government are detailed in Articles I, II, and III of the U.S. Constitution. Article I establishes the Legislative Branch, Article II establishes the Executive Branch, and Article III establishes the Judicial Branch.

Which concepts are associated with the checks and balances system? (Select all that apply)

- Presidential veto ✓
- Congressional override ✓
- Judicial review ✓
- Direct democracy

The checks and balances system is designed to prevent any one branch of government from becoming too powerful by allowing each branch to limit the powers of the others. Key concepts associated with this system include separation of powers, judicial review, and legislative oversight.

Who is known as the 'Father of the Constitution'?

- George Washington
- Thomas Jefferson
- James Madison ✓
- Alexander Hamilton

James Madison is widely recognized as the 'Father of the Constitution' due to his pivotal role in its drafting and his contributions to the Federalist Papers, which advocated for its ratification.

Which amendments are part of the Bill of Rights? (Select all that apply)

- 1st Amendment ✓
- 5th Amendment ✓
- 13th Amendment
- 10th Amendment ✓

The Bill of Rights consists of the first ten amendments to the United States Constitution, which guarantee essential rights and civil liberties to individuals. These amendments include protections for freedom of

speech, religion, assembly, and the right to bear arms, among others.

What does the 19th Amendment to the Constitution address?

- Prohibition of alcohol
- Women's suffrage ✓
- Income tax
- Presidential term limits

The 19th Amendment to the Constitution grants women the right to vote, prohibiting any U.S. citizen from being denied the right to vote on the basis of sex.

Which amendments address voting rights? (Select all that apply)

- 15th Amendment ✓
- 19th Amendment ✓
- 24th Amendment
- 26th Amendment ✓

The amendments that address voting rights include the 15th, 19th, 24th, and 26th Amendments, which collectively prohibit discrimination in voting based on race, sex, and age, and eliminate poll taxes.

Which principle of the Constitution divides power between national and state governments?

- Separation of Powers
- Checks and Balances
- Federalism ✓
- Popular Sovereignty

The principle that divides power between national and state governments is known as federalism. This system allows for a distribution of authority, ensuring that both levels of government can operate independently within their respective domains.

Which Supreme Court case established the principle of judicial review?

- Brown v. Board of Education
- Roe v. Wade
- Marbury v. Madison ✓
- Miranda v. Arizona

The principle of judicial review was established by the Supreme Court case Marbury v. Madison in 1803. This landmark decision allowed the Court to invalidate laws and executive actions that it found to be unconstitutional.

Which of the following are powers of the President as outlined in Article II? (Select all that apply)

- Veto legislation ✓
- Declare war
- Appoint federal judges ✓
- Grant pardons ✓

The powers of the President as outlined in Article II include the ability to execute laws, appoint federal officers, negotiate treaties, and serve as Commander-in-Chief of the armed forces.

What is the primary function of Article II of the Constitution?

- Establish the legislative branch
- Define the executive branch ✓
- Outline the judicial branch
- Describe the amendment process

Article II of the Constitution primarily establishes the executive branch of the government, outlining the powers and responsibilities of the President and the Vice President.

Which of the following are fundamental principles of the U.S. Constitution? (Select all that apply)

- Separation of Powers ✓
- Monarchy
- Checks and Balances ✓
- Federalism ✓

The fundamental principles of the U.S. Constitution include popular sovereignty, limited government, separation of powers, checks and balances, judicial review, and federalism. These principles establish the framework for the governance of the United States and ensure that power is distributed and regulated.