

Common Spanish Mistakes Quiz Answer Key PDF

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Which of the following is a stem-changing verb?

A. Comer

B. Dormir ✓

C. Leer

D. Vivir

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What is the correct article for the word "agua" in Spanish?
A. La
B. El ✓
C. Las
D. Los
Which word is a false cognate meaning "actually"?
A. Actualmente
B. Realmente
C. En realidad ✓
D. Verdaderamente
Which verb would you use to describe a permanent characteristic?
A. Ser ✓
B. Estar
C. Tener
D. Hacer
What is the correct form of the verb "hablar" in the first person singular present tense?



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- B. Hablas
- C. Hablamos
- D. Hablan

Explain how to form the subjunctives mood in Spanish and provide an example sentence.

To form the subjunctives mood in Spanish, start with the present tense yo form of the verb, remove the -o ending, and add the subjunctives endings: -e for -ar verbs and -a for -er/-ir verbs. For example: 'Espero que él hable español.' (I hope that he speaks Spanish.)

Explain the difference between "ser" and "estar" with examples.

"Ser" is used for characteristics that are permanent or define a person or thing, such as "Ella es alta" (She is tall). In contrast, "estar" is used for temporary states or locations, such as "Ella está cansada" (She is tired).

Describe a situation where you would use "para" instead of "por".

An example situation where I would use "para" instead of "por" is when I say, "I am going to the store for some milk," indicating the purpose of my trip.

Provide examples of three false cognates and their correct meanings in English.

1. "Actual" (Spanish) means "current" in English, not "real"; 2. "Sensible" (Spanish) means "sensitive" in English, not "reasonable"; 3. "Embarazada" (Spanish) means "pregnant" in English, not "embarassed."

Why is it important to use accent marks in Spanish? Provide examples.

It is important to use accent marks in Spanish because they indicate the correct pronunciation and can change the meaning of words, such as 'papá' (dad) versus 'papas' (potatoes).

Which of the following are correct uses of "estar"? (Select all that apply)

A. Location ✓

B. Permanent characteristics



C. Temporary states ✓D. Nationality
Which of the following words requires an accent mark?
A. Cafe
B. Arbol
C. Facil
D. Si (yes) ✓
Which of the following are examples of regional variations in Spanish vocabulary? (Select all that apply)
A. Autobús vs. Camión ✓
B. Ordenador vs. Computadora ✓
C. Pluma vs. Bolígrafo ✓
D. Mesa vs. Tabla
In which situations would you use "por"? (Select all that apply)
A. Duration of time ✓
B. Purpose
C. Exchange ✓
D. Destination
Discuss the importance of understanding regional variations in Spanish vocabulary.
The importance of understanding regional variations in Spanish vocabulary lies in the ability to communicate effectively across different Spanish-speaking countries, as words and phrases can have different meanings or usages depending on the region.
Which of the following sentences use double negatives correctly? (Select all that apply)
A. No tengo nada. ✓
B. No veo a nadie. ✓
C. No nunca voy.



Which pronoun would you use to address a group of people formally in Spain?

- A. Vosotros
- B. Ustedes ✓
- C. Ellos
- D. Nosotros

Which of the following are subjunctives triggers? (Select all that apply)

A. Es importante que ✓

D. No hay ningún problema. ✓

- B. Creo que
- C. Ojalá que ✓
- D. Pienso que

Which words are considered false cognates? (Select all that apply)

- A. Embarazada ✓
- B. Carpet
- C. Sopa
- D. Biblioteca

Which preposition would you use to express a deadline?

- A. Por
- B. Para ✓
- C. De
- D. Con