

Capital Cities Africa Quiz Answer Key PDF

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What is the capital city of Nigeria?

- a. Lagos
- b. Abuja ✓**
- c. Accra
- d. Dakar

Which of the following are capital cities in Africa?

- a. Cairo ✓**
- b. Sydney
- c. Nairobi ✓**
- d. Tokyo

Explain the significance of having multiple capital cities in a country, using South Africa as an example. Discuss the roles of each capital and how this arrangement impacts governance.

South Africa has three capital cities: Pretoria (administrative capital), Bloemfontein (judicial capital), and Cape Town (legislative capital). This arrangement allows for a balanced distribution of power and resources, ensuring that different regions are represented in the governance process and that various governmental functions are effectively managed.

Which city is the capital of Kenya?

- a. Kampala
- b. Nairobi ✓**
- c. Addis Ababa
- d. Lusaka

Which of the following countries have their capital cities starting with the letter 'A'?

- a. Ghana
- b. Ethiopia ✓**
- c. Algeria ✓**
- d. Morocco

Discuss the challenges and benefits of relocating a capital city, referencing Abuja's development as Nigeria's capital.

The relocation of Nigeria's capital from Lagos to Abuja in 1991 faced challenges like the need for new infrastructure and the displacement of communities, but it also brought benefits such as improved governance, reduced congestion in Lagos, and the promotion of national unity by placing the capital in a more central location.

What is the capital city of Egypt?

- a. Alexandria
- b. Cairo ✓**
- c. Giza
- d. Luxor

Identify the countries whose capitals are located on the coast.

- a. Egypt
- b. Senegal ✓**
- c. Uganda
- d. Mozambique ✓**

Analyze the role of capital cities in shaping national identity and culture. Provide examples from at least two African capitals.

Capital cities like Addis Ababa and Nairobi significantly influence national identity and culture through their roles as centers of governance, culture, and economic activity, embody the values and aspirations of their nations.

Which city serves as the administrative capital of South Africa?

- a. Johannesburg
- b. Cape Town
- c. Pretoria ✓**

d. Durban

Which of the following African capitals are known for being major economic hubs?

- a. Johannesburg ✓
- b. Nairobi ✓
- c. Addis Ababa
- d. Kinshasa

Evaluate the impact of colonial history on the location and development of African capital cities. Use specific examples to support your analysis.

The impact of colonial history on the location and development of African capital cities is profound, as colonial powers often established capitals in strategic locations that facilitated resource extraction and control. For example, Nairobi was developed as a railway hub by the British, while Abuja was chosen as Nigeria's capital in 1991 to promote national unity and reduce ethnic tensions, reflecting post-colonialist considerations.

What is the capital city of Ghana?

- a. Accra ✓
- b. Kumasi
- c. Tamale
- d. Sekondi-Takoradi

Which capitals are situated in landlocked countries?

- a. Kampala ✓
- b. Lusaka ✓
- c. Dakar
- d. Harare ✓

Compare and contrast the historical development of two African capitals, focusing on their political and economic evolution.

Addis Ababa, founded in 1886, became the capital of Ethiopia and a center for African diplomacy, particularly after the establishment of the African Union. In contrast, Nairobi, established in the late

19th century as a railway depot, grew into a major economic center in East Africa, heavily influenced by British colonial policies and later, global trade dynamics.

Which city is the capital of Ethiopia?

- a. Asmara
- b. Addis Ababa ✓**
- c. Mogadishu
- d. KhARTOUM

Which of the following cities are capitals of countries in North Africa?

- a. Tripoli ✓**
- b. Rabat ✓**
- c. Lagos
- d. Tunis ✓**

Propose a strategy for improving infrastructure in a rapidly growing African capital. Consider economic, social, and environmental factors in your response.

1. Conduct a thorough assessment of current infrastructure needs and growth projections. 2. Develop a sustainable urban planning framework that prioritizes mixed-use developments and green spaces. 3. Invest in public transportation systems to reduce traffic congestion and pollution. 4. Implement community engagement initiatives to involve residents in decision-making processes. 5. Foster partnerships with private sector and international organizations for funding and expertise. 6. Promote renewable energy sources and waste management systems to enhance environmental sustainability.

What is the capital city of Senegal?

- a. Bamako
- b. Dakar ✓**
- c. Freetown
- d. Banjul

Identify the capitals that are also the largest cities in their respective countries.

- a. Cairo ✓**
- b. Pretoria

- c. Kinshasa ✓
- d. Algiers ✓

Discuss the influence of geography on the location of African capitals. How do physical features such as rivers, mountains, and coasts affect their development?

African capitals are often situated near major rivers for trade and transportation, on coastal areas for maritime access, and in regions with favorable climates, while mountains can provide natural defense but may limit accessibility.

Which city is the capital of Morocco?

- a. Casablanca
- b. Marrakech
- c. Rabat ✓
- d. Tangier

Which capitals are known for their historical significance in Africa?

- a. Cairo ✓
- b. Addis Ababa ✓
- c. Luanda
- d. Harare

Analyze the role of international organizations in shaping the infrastructure and development of African capitals. Provide examples to illustrate your points.

International organizations such as the African Development Bank (AfDB) and the United Nations (UN) significantly influence the infrastructure and development of African capitals through financial support, capacity building, and strategic planning. For instance, the AfDB has funded major road and rail projects in countries like Ethiopia and Kenya, while the UN has implemented urban development programs in cities like Addis Ababa to enhance housing and public services.

What is the capital city of Uganda?

- a. Kampala ✓
- b. Kigali
- c. Nairobi

d. Juba

Which capitals are located in countries that are members of the East African Community?

- a. Nairobi ✓
- b. Kigali ✓
- c. Lusaka
- d. Dodoma ✓

Critically assess the impact of urbanization on the social and economic landscape of African capitals. Use specific examples to support your argument.

Urbanization has profoundly transformed the social and economic landscape of African capitals. For instance, in Nairobi, the influx of people has stimulated the informal economy, leading to job creation but also exacerbating issues like housing shortages and traffic congestion. Similarly, Lagos has seen a booming tech industry emerge alongside severe infrastructural challenges, highlighting the dual nature of urban growth.